WANTS ONE CENT. ONE WORD. ONE ISSUE. THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

D. E. CAMPBELL'S PRESCRIPTION STORE, COR. FORT & DOUGLAS STS

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 100 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA SATURDAY APRIL 8, 1893. THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

—THE—

Canada Settlers' Loan AND Trust Co

(LIMITED.)

OF LONDON, ENGLAND

The above Company is prepared to make Loans of ANY AMOUNT on the security of Real Estate in this Province.

Applications may be made to Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., Agents for the Company, or to Messrs. Eberts & Tayler, 30 Langley street, Solicitors for the Company. feb2

FOR INVESTMENTS

In Coal, Timber and Farm Lands, also in the following Townsites:

Lardeau, Trout Lake City, Duncan City, Argenta, } In West Kootenay.

Okanagan Falls, } In Okanagan.

Saanichton, } Site of South Saanich Railway Station.

CONSULT

HENRY CROFT,

Sole Agent in Victoria for the Above.

Real Estate, Insurance, Financial and Mining Broker.

72 GOVERNMENT ST. ja16-se13

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE THROUGHOUT THE PROVINCE

—BY THE—

NORTHERN COUNTIES INVESTMENT TRUST, LD., OF BRADFORD, ENG.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Financial and Real Estate Agents. mch7

ALBERNI

TOWN AND SOUTHERN EXTENSION—ANDERSON PROPERTY.

NOW ON SALE. PRICES MODERATE AND TERMS EASY. WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF OUR CLIENTS TO THE VALUE OF THIS PROPERTY. The best harbor on the Coast. In the direct line of the British Pacific Railway westward. Only 13 miles from the Coal Fields. Avoiding 150 miles intricate navigation by the Straits. Saving of time and insurance. Will be one of the most important positions in British Columbia.

PEMBERTON & SON,

me26 45 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

J. A. T. CATON & CO.

REMOVED TO 83 WHARF STREET.

Importers and Wholesale Merchants.

IMPERIAL GERMAN CONSULATE.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS, TOBACCONISTS' SUNDRIES, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, CUTLERY, TOYS, NOTIONS, ETC.

Indents executed for every description of goods. mch30-1m

PETERBORO CANOE CO.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Racing, Paddling Sailing Canoes

ANY SIZE OR DESCRIPTION CAN BE BUILT.

Special sizes are made for Resorts and Watering Places.

Those living outside of Victoria desirous of purchasing should try and make up a nest of three or more, in order to get cheap freights.

The boating season will soon be in full blast, and those ordering now will be able to have their Canoes for May 24.

ON HAND, TWO 16-FOOT CEDAR CANOES.

H. C. MACAULAY, SOLE AGENT,

VICTORIA, B.C. P.O. BOX 803. mc28-1m

VICTORIA BREWING & ICE COMPANY

LAGER BEER.

P. O. Box 216. Telephone 436. Office: Cor. Government and Discovery Streets.

FOR SALE.

Broom making machinery in good condition, cheap. Apply mc25.2w HALL, GOEPEL & CO

FOR SALE.

Eighteen tons of Early Rose potatoes and three tons of onions. For further particulars and prices apply to CHARLES BALAGNO, mc24-1m-wk Okanagan Mission, B. C.

$5 REWARD—Lost, a brown leather purse, containing two $10 gold pieces. No. 117 View street. up5

EDWARD LANGLEY

Accountant and Agent,

ROOM 6, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK

P. O. BOX 613, VICTORIA. ja1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A situation as chambermaid or diningroom girl. Address W. B., COLONIST office ap8 3t

WANTED—A position as book keeper, clerk or managing assistant, by a competent man; satisfactory city references. Apply W. W., P.O. Box 51, city. ap8-2t

WANTED—A nurse for one child, adult preferred. Apply to Dr. McKechnie, Nanaimo, B.C. ap8 3t

WANTED—A competent dry goods or gents furnishings salesman and stock keeper. Make application by letter, stating experience and giving references to P. W., Box 204, Vancouver. ap8 6t

NOTICE—I shall not be responsible for debts contracted by my wife, Mary Wild Turnbull, after this date, without my written authority. J. O. TURNBULL. April 7, 1893. ap8 6t

BOYS keep your eyes on our ads, they will repay careful reading; next week we will give "something for nothing." Cameron, clothier, 55 Johnson street. ap8-1t

FOR SALE—Owner leaving for the summer; two good saddle horses, both quiet; one ride and drive and carry a lady; the other a good gentleman's hack, unbroken to harness. For particulars apply to T. Middleton care Mrs. Philipps-Wolley, Oak Bay avenue, Victoria. ap8 6t

FOR SALE—160 acres of land; no rock; good river and road. Price $7 per acre or would exchange for city property. Address O K. COLONIST. ap8 2t

COW and Calf for sale; price $50. On view at W. H. Saunders' Esquimalt Road. ap8 2t

LARGE, pleasant front parlor, furnished; central; use of kitchen and one or two other rooms. No. 79 Fort street. ap8-3t

LOST—Two iron grey horses at South Saanich; one with brand S.S. on left shoulder, and the other with A. on hind leg; $20 reward will be paid to the person returning the same to Louie Pelkie, South Saanich. ap8.

DELVING for the dollar is harder work than saving the dollar. Remember this, when you have to buy clothing, and trade at Cameron's, Johnson street. ap8

WANTED—A safe at the City Auction Mart, 58 Broad street. ap8-1t

WANTED—A first class carpet-layer at the Turkish Rug & Carpet Cleaning Co.'s, 58 Broad street. ap8-1t

GRAND

NATIONAL CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

under the auspices of the

First Presbyterian Church Choir

—ON—

TUESDAY EVENING, THE 11TH INST.

At 8 o'clock,

IN THE HALL OF THE CHURCH, BLANCHARD ST

National Songs.
National Choruses.
National Instruments.
National Costumes.

ADMISSION 50C

ap8-3t

AUCTION SALE

—ON—

SATURDAY, APRIL 8,

AT 2 P.M.

THE VICTORIA AUCTION COMPANY

Will sell at their Rooms,

No. 81 Douglas Street,

A Spring Consignment of Eastern fruit trees, including apple, pear, cherry, pineapple, etc.; a quantity of bone dust in bags, bicycle, household furniture, etc.

IN THE EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK

Pictures, cabinet frames, China tea sets, plush goods, tinware, crockery, cigars, jewelry, etc.

TERMS CASH.

ap8 WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

Victoria Building Society.

The 31st Drawing for an Appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street (opposite View)

On Thursday, the 13th April, 1893, at 8 p m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

For shares apply to the Secretary, at his office, 45 Fort street, cor. Broad ap8-6t

NOTICE.

THE first meeting of the Provisional Board of Trustees of the Federation Canning Company, Limited, will be held at the offices, Turner street, Rock Bay, at 2 p.m., on Saturday, April 15th. Subscriptions for stock will be received after this date.

By Order,

W. MORRIS, Trustee.

ap8-1t

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Vancouver Island District

FOR THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as a Candidate for the House of Commons in the Liberal-Conservative interests, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming Election.

I will make a personal canvass wherever possible and further explain my opinions politically.

Your obedient servant,

ANDREW HASLAM.

Nanaimo, B.C., April 4, 1893. ap4 1w

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

ATTENTION!

Do not fail to be present at the GRAND AUCTION SALE at the CITY AUCTION MART, 58 Broad Street, THIS EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock, when W. FURNIVAL & CO. will offer the following choice lot of HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER GOODS: Parlor and bedroom suites, dining and other tables, mattresses, lounges, easy chairs, art squares and other carpets, dry goods, dress goods, ready-made clothing, crockery, chinaware, etc. Terms cash.

ap8-1t W. FURNIVAL, Auctioneer.

THE BAWNMORE AFFAIR.

Captain Woodside Delivers the Dynamiters' Machinery to the Police Authorities.

Detectives Working Up This and the Attempt On the Ethel and Marion.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—The tramp steamer Bawnmore arrived from Nanaimo, B.C., this morning. As soon as she docked Captain Woodside came ashore with his valise in his hand, which he handled very carefully. He made direct for the harbor police station and there handed his burden over to Captain Dunleavy. The contents of the valise were the dynamite, fuse, alarm clock, revolver, etc., which, it had been intended, should blow up the steamer. Captain Woodside has always taken a non-union crew, and he lays the attempt to wreck his ship at the door of the Sailors' Union. On the previous trip the Union men kidnapped the crew of the Bawnmore and three of the leaders in that outrage got two years each in the Penitentiary. A clock was set so as to fire the pistol at a certain hour, and, in case that should fail, the string had been fixed to the steel trap in expectation that the bumping of the vessel would set the latter off. Detectives are at work on the attempt to blow up the Ethel and Marion and have also been put on the Bawnmore affair. Chief Crowley is of opinion that both outrages were committed by the same men.

CHINESE SMUGGLING.

What Special Inspector Noyes Has to Say—How the Illegal Work is Done.

SEATTLE, April 7.—An investigation into the Chinese smuggling business at Portland and on Puget sound has been going on for the past two weeks by C. A. Noyes, special inspector of San Francisco. Mr. Noyes has been the means of running down many a gang of smugglers and many a box of "dope." He said he had been at work on the celebrated smuggling case of the schooner Louis Olsen, Capt. Deering, which has attracted so much attention in San Francisco for the past few months, and had hardly got through with that when, on March 22, he received orders to investigate the smuggling of Chinese and opium at Portland and on Puget sound. With his instructions came the complaints which had been made to the department from various sources. He left San Francisco on March 23, has been in Portland a good deal of the time, and has made two trips to British Columbia. The department had considered the case of so much importance that he had been instructed to report daily by telegraph to Washington City.

"The Government," he says, "intends to stop the illegal importation of Chinese and opium at Portland and on Puget Sound. I was sent here to investigate, and I have found what I came after. My report has been made to the department, and, of course, the contents of that report cannot be given to the press. Whether the Government will make it public will be ascertained in a few days. Why, we have seized at San Francisco, within the past five months, 4,380 cans of opium, all of which came from Portland or the Sound. We have got a good deal of stuff that came through Portland. Yes, I was at Portland when the Haytian Republic came in the last time with Chinamen, and the boat was made to understand that it could not force the government officers to take the Chinamen off until they were examined. The boat has got to wait. There were eighty-seven Chinamen on the Haytian Republic, all having merchants' certificates. Out of this lot sixty were ordered taken back to British Columbia, eighteen were landed and nine were found to have forged certificates. We got an order from Washington City to arrest all those who had forged certificates, and they are under arrest by this time.

"I don't see why a man is not as guilty for offering a forged certificate of this kind as he is for uttering any other kind of forged paper. The names of a number of prominent men were forged on those certificates. The other certificates were fraudulent. These are made in different ways, but this is a common method: A prominent Chinese merchant of Portland will call a hackdriver or some one else who knows him, and say: 'This Chinaman is my partner and wants to go over; come and sign his papers.' The hackman consents. Then they take the paper, put on it the picture of some coolie who has sent it over, take it before a notary with somebody to represent the hackman and get the paper acknowledged. The management of the Haytian Republic is not what it ought to be, and their handling of Chinese is not in a legitimate way. By the way, Captain Deering, of the Louis Olsen, just sentenced for smuggling, was formerly mate of the Haytian Republic, and one of the other officers of the Olsen resides in Portland. The Haytian Republic is being held in Portland until a complete examination of the Chinese is made. I have no friends in this part of the country to favor and no enemies to get even with, and aim to let the blame fall where it belongs."

BISHOP HANNINGTON'S REMAINS.

They Are Discovered by Bishop Tucker's Party in Central Africa.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Advices have been received from one of Bishop Tucker's party now on its way to Uganda, in Africa, concerning the discovery of the bones of Bishop Hannington, who was murdered by the cannibals at the town of Vusoga-Mumia. The chief of the tribe, Mumin, denied all knowledge of the whereabouts of the remains. Upon being bribed with a flannel suit, however, he gave some general information regarding the supposed place of burial. Six native soldiers were hired to dig at the spot indicated, and after going down some six feet they brought to light a wooden box lined with tin, containing a skull, some rib bones, a pair of boots, which were recognized as having been the property of the bishop, and the top of his canteen bucket. The remains were taken possession of by the bishop and his party, and will be buried in the cathedral of Uganda. The letter says that it is remarkable that the first missionary party that has passed that way since Hannington, should be privileged to bear his bones into that country he twice tried to enter.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Retirement of Major Nicholles From the B. C. Artillery—Staff Officers Withdraw From the Service.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, April 7 (via Seattle).—The militia general orders issued to-day contain the announcement of the retirement of Major John Nicholles from the British Columbia artillery. He retains his rank.

Col. Worsley, D. A. G., of the Nova Scotia district, and Col. Murray, district paymaster, have been compelled to retire on account of irregularities connected with their offices.

Short Telegraphic Service.

Interruptions to telegraphic communication have materially interfered with the COLONIST'S service.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Dedication Ceremonies of the Great Mormon Temple at Salt Lake City.

The Hesper Murders—Alaskan Excursion Service—Reduction of Panama Freight Rates.

Temple Dedication.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 7.—The exercises incident to the dedication of the Temple of the Lord were continued to-day. The denomination is divided into what is known as "Stakes," and in order that all the members may be admitted to witness the dedication it has been found necessary to make allotments averaging 2,200 to each service. The "Stakes" participating this morning, with their number, were as follows: Mexico, 30; Star Valley, 40; San Luis, 60; St. Joseph, 30; Millard, 300; Morgan, 150; Summit, 550; Bear Lake, 300; Sevier, 150; Sanpe, including choir, 125. The service this afternoon was participated in by 1,000 members of the Cache "Stake," 300 Wasatch, 400 Tooele, 400 Juab, with a choir of 50 voices. The services are imposing as well as impressive. The members of the congregation are required to apply at the south and west gates at 8 o'clock for the morning session, and at 12:30 for the afternoon session.

Reduction of Freight Rates.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—The Pacific Mail Co. to-day announced that, commencing on the 15th instant, it would carry freight to Central American ports at the general rate of $5 per ton. The points named in the announcement are those at which the newly established North American Navigation Company's steamers stop. The reduction is very marked as on general merchandise $18 was formerly asked and on flour and wine the rate was $10. The Navigation Company has not yet met the Pacific Mail's cut.

The Alki for Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—In a day or two the steamer Alki, of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company will leave here for Tacoma, and will sail from that port on the 18th and make a trip to Alaska. The City of Topeka will be held over and thoroughly renovated preparatory to leaving for Alaska for an excursion in May. The Alki on completing her trip will return here.

Former Purser of the Topeka Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—The flags along the water front were all at half-mast this morning out of respect to the memory of M. M. Buckman, passenger agent of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., who died today of pneumonia. Mr. Buckman succeeded the late D. B. Jackson. The deceased was the oldest and most popular employe of the steamship company, having been 25 years in the service. He was acting as purser of the steamer City of Topeka when called upon to assume the duties of passenger agent.

The Hesper Murderers.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—The bark Hesper arrived from Honolulu this afternoon. This is the bark on which Mate Fitzgerald was murdered on the voyage from Sydney, N. S. W., to Honolulu. The five murderers were landed at Tahiti, and came up here on the barkentine Tropic Bird. Their preliminary trial, which has been delayed pending the arrival of witnesses on the Hesper, will now be held.

CANADIAN NEWS.

[Special to the COLONIST.]

Seal Fishery Failure.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., April 7.—The Newfoundland seal fishery is now admitted to be a total failure for this season, and worse than expected. The schooner Thrasher arrived from Bonavista yesterday and reports seventeen steamers off the North coast without any seals. The Falcon had 4,000 and all the other vessels of the fleet a smaller number. There were not sufficient to load one ship. The Newfoundland brought 8,000 seals, the Nimrod 12,000 and the Algerine is expected to make a good catch. The total catch of the fleet is not expected to yield 90,000 seals, which is one-fourth of last year's catch.

Disappointed Secession Agitators.

VANCOUVER, April 7.—Secession agitators were to have held a meeting on Saturday, but could not secure a hall.

New Arrivals at "The White House."

Printed Sateens,
Satin Broches,
Cord Stripes,
Cord Checks,
Lawnettes,
New Dress Goods,
Chevron Tweeds,
French Whip Cords.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Victoria Footballers to Meet Nanaimo and Somenos—First Outing of the Canoe Club.

The Firemen Tug-of-War Team State Their Position—Attractions for To-Day.

FIXTURES FOR TO-DAY.

FOOTBALL.—Victoria F. B. C v. Somenos, (Rugby); Beacon Hill, 1 p.m. sharp. Victoria Junior (Association) F. B. C. v. Nanaimo Juniors; Beacon Hill, 3 p.m.

CANOEING.—First outing of the Victoria Canoe Club; meet at the club house, James Bay bridge, at 2 p.m.

CYCLING.—Club run of the Wanderers to Prospect Lake; meet at 45 Government street at 2 p.m.

CRICKET.—Practice match of the Victoria Juniors; Beacon Hill 2 p.m.

THE GUN.—Seventh shoot of the Union Gun Club for the H.P. Co. medal; Macaulay Point, 2 p.m; practice match of both clubs at Macaulay Point.

LACROSSE.—Annual meeting of the Provincial Association at Vancouver.

FOOTBALL.

THE JUNIOR CHAMPIONSHIP.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the Victoria Junior Association Football boys will meet the Nanaimo Juniors in a tussle for supremacy. So far Victoria leads, as they have defeated Vancouver, who are the champions of the Mainland, and last year the Victoria boys played a draw game with Nanaimo. The game is expected to be very fast as the Nanaimo team is composed of heavy material, and they are coming down to win. The mettle of the following team, however, has been tried on more than one occasion, and only superior weight will make them succumb: Boyd, goal; Field, Goward A., backs; Wilson G., Tyrrel, Prevost, half backs; Lawson, Wilson R., Cartwright, Goward B, Peden, forwards. In the evening the visitors will be entertained in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A.

VICTORIA VS. SOMENOS.

A team from Somenos will be in town today to play the return Rugby match with Victoria. As the Somenos men desire to return home by the afternoon train, the game will be played at Beacon Hill at 1 p. m. sharp, the following representing Victoria: Pettigrew, back; Haines, Anderson, McCulloch and Moore, three-quarter backs; Ackland and Dr. Watt, half backs; Langley, Jones, Fraser, Sullivan, Scott, Hibben, Fawcett and Williams, forwards. The Seniors' backs have been considerably strengthened since the last game, and a hard and interesting match may in consequence be looked for.

RIVAL BOARDING HOUSES.

NANAIMO, April 7.—(Special)—To-morrow afternoon teams picked from Hickman and Marshall's boarding houses will play an Association match in the swamp.

THE GUN.

JOINT MEETING OF LOCAL CLUBS.

At a joint meeting of the Union and the Victoria gun clubs last evening tournament arrangements were discussed, though the tournament ground was not definitely decided upon. The two clubs will shoot together to-day, and next Saturday will have a match, sides of twelve men, at Macaulay point.

TUG-OF-WAR.

THE FIREMEN'S PROPOSITION.

TO THE SPORTING EDITOR:—Regarding the answer to our challenge, permit me to state that we are willing to pull under the conditions stated on Tuesday last, viz.: "For the championship of British Columbia and $100 to cover expenses." It is not our intention to make the tug-of-war a gambling proposition, but to encourage physical culture. We do not intend to allow the importation of men by making it an object to pay them for time taken up during practice. In making such a sweeping challenge we considered the claims of other teams to the championship, and, to settle the question, decided to meet all comers. Understanding that Mr. Rose selected a team, and knowing that the people of Victoria are anxious to assist a worthy object, we make the following propositions: On Saturday evening, April 15, the firemen's team will pull Mr. Rose's team for the championship of British Columbia. We are willing to pull for the championship only, or will pull for the amount mentioned above, with the championship. Further, we propose to pull in the market building, and, if satisfactory, will charge an admission fee. The net proceeds will be given by the teams to the widows of the men killed recently at Tumbo island. If the above is acceptable, we will meet at the COLONIST office on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, to make final arrangements. FIREMEN'S TEAM.

CRICKET.

SIDES TO BE CHOSEN.

The Victoria Juniors will hold their first practice of the season this afternoon at Beacon Hill. Sides will be chosen on the grounds and a good game is looked forward to.

CANOEING.

CANOEISTS' OUTING.

The opening meeting on water of the Victoria Canoe Club will be held this afternoon, when the members will assemble at the club house, James Bay, and embark in their Peterboro's for a cruise either up the arm or outside the harbor. The start from the boat house will be made sharp at 2 o'clock, but prior to this the canoes and their occupants, together with the boat house, which will be prettily decorated, will be photographed. Those having no canoes will be accommodated as much as possible.

LACROSSE.

VANCOUVER LACROSSE CLUB.

VANCOUVER, April 7.—The annual meeting of the Vancouver Lacrosse club officers resulted in the following elections: Hon. president, D. Oppenheimer; president, C. M. Beecher; first vice-president, C. D. Rand; second vice-president, J. Wullfsohn; secretary, J. D. Hall; treasurer, S. Oppenheimer; club captain, W. E. Suckling; executive committee, J. T. Dunn, E. J. Fullerton, E. Larwell, A. E. Goodman, E. Quigley, M. Peard. The delegates to the convention are: C. M. Beecher, W. S. Tatlow, M. Peard. The retiring president, T. Dunn, received a very hearty vote of thanks for past services. The delegates will go to the convention ready to endorse any scheme to stamp out semi-professionalism and elevate the tone of amateur lacrosse on the Coast. The new president expressed himself very decidedly on this point in his inauguration speech.

HERE AND THERE.

Victoria's delegates to this evening's meeting of the Provincial Lacrosse Association went over to Vancouver this morning.

The concert committee of the Victoria Lacrosse club are arranging for another "smoker" at the Driard next Saturday.

C. W. Rhodes defeated C. Steinfeldt in the final contest for the Hotel Victoria billiard tournament championship.

HOME FROM OTTAWA.

Col. Prior Speaks of the Good Work Done for Victoria in the Dominion Parliament.

Col. Prior, M.P., returned from Ottawa last night, and shortly after his arrival was seen by a COLONIST reporter. Speaking on the Marine hospital project, the Colonel said that he believed it was the intention of the Dominion Government to dispense with that institution altogether and make provision with the Royal Jubilee hospital for the treatment of patients heretofore dealt with in the Marine hospital.

"We can't make them believe," said the Colonel, "that things cannot be done as cheaply here as in the East, and when a document was presented and signed by so many of the former patients of the Marine hospital, what could we say? They all testify to good treatment there. The institution is objected to, and the Government do here, as they have done in other places, make the best provision they can for the treatment of the patients."

The reporter mentioned the point raised at the Board of Trade that, according to the Act of Union, the Dominion undertook to maintain a marine hospital here.

The point was met by the Colonel, who stated that the institution had been objected to, and that the Government were making what they considered to be better provision. He did not, however, think that any final arrangements would be made until the return of Hon. Mr. Tupper from England.

On the Indian reserve question, Colonel Prior expressed his desire to have the lands now held by the Songhees turned over.

"As soon as this is done," added the Colonel, "the lands will revert to the Province. Of course some arrangements will have to be made, the Indians will have to be properly provided for. Mr. Vowell is over there to-night to try and make arrangements with them."

"The lepers on Darcy Island will be looked after," said Colonel Prior, "at the expense of the Dominion Government, but they will not assume the care of the lepers. The local authorities must do the work and the Government will meet the bills."

"The quarantine station at William's Head will be proceeded with without delay. It will be a good building, with a resident medical man there. I hope to see this soon an accomplished fact."

"The Custom house and Post office buildings? Yes; an appropriation has been made for them. The old Custom house building, it is intended, shall be the Marine Department, while the new structure will be devoted to the Custom house, excise, weights and measures, etc. I believe there was some kicking as to the site (the old Canada Western), but it is the cheapest and best of the lot. The Minister of Customs objected to the amalgamation unless the Custom house was near the water. It was our object to secure a public building which would be a credit to the city."

Speaking as to the fortifications of Esquimalt, Col. Prior said he believed the Dominion Government would contribute about $25,000, and that the Imperial Government would supply the rest and fortify the place.

PERSONAL.

C. G. Major, of Westminster, is in the city.

Dr. Watson, of Duncan's, is at the Oriental.

V. W. Good, of Nanaimo, is at the Driard.

R. Helstcop, of Toronto, is staying at the Oriental.

Ralph Wheelan, of Minneapolis, is a guest at the Driard.

Henry Doyles, of San Mateo, is registered at the Driard.

John Bain, of Wellington, is registered at the Driard.

Mrs. R. E. Gosnell arrived over from Vancouver last night.

P. Watelet, of the Tumbo Island Coal Co., is in the city.

S. M. Robins, of the New Vancouver Coal Co., is a guest at the Driard.

E. G. Prior, M. P., returned from the Dominion capital yesterday evening.

Senators Reid, Macdonald and McInnes arrived back from Ottawa last evening.

Angus McGillivray, W. F. Teetzel and J. Chandler left for Kootenay Lake last evening.

Manager R. Jamieson, of the Victoria Theatre, returned from the Sound last evening.

Charles St. Morris and wife have returned from California and are registered at the Victoria.

Japanese Consul Kito and Hon. T. Negano, of Kobe, arrived over from Vancouver last night.

W. H. Redmond and A. E. Macnaughton have returned from a business trip through the Kootenay country.

W. L. Ogilby and J. Phillips, of San Francisco, and Walter Matheson, of Helena, Montana, are at the Victoria.

Indian Agent Lomas goes to Discovery Island in a few days to define the limits of the Indians' possessions on the island.

William L. Carrick, who has been rusticating at Harrison Hot Springs for a few weeks past, returned home by yesterday's Islander.

Rev. M. L. Rugg, formerly pastor of Calvary Baptist church, arrived over from Seattle last evening. He will preach morning and evening to-morrow at Emmanuel Baptist church.

Home Rule Discussion Resumed.

LONDON, April 7.—The debate on the second reading of the Irish Home Rule bill was resumed to-day in the House of Commons, Mr. Dunbar Plunkett Barton, Conservative M. P. for Middle Armagh, speaking in opposition to the bill.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Aspirants for U. S. Consulate—Movements of Settlers—Early Closing in Westminster.

Large Shipments of Salmon—Migration of Chinese—An Electric Railway Scheme.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, April 7.—C. M. Bolton, ex U. S. consul, is a strong candidate for his former position here under the Cleveland administration. The steamboatmen are with him and friends are looking after his interests in Washington. At present the perquisites of the office in Vancouver do not amount to more than $1,200.

About twice or three times a year there is a smash-up among the Steveston stages. There are two lines run by two brothers, and keen rivalry exists between them. Yesterday coach No. 2 attempted to pass coach No. 1 carrying the mail and driven by Andrew McNab. Mr. McNab, in his efforts to prevent No. 2 passing him, came too near the ditch and everything was turned upside down, horses and driver being very much mixed. No. 2 stage went on, arriving in Steveston several hours before its rival. A couple of minutes after the accident a traveller noticed an overturned coach and two horses down and kicking in the ditch, and a closer inspection disclosed a man's boot under one of the horses. The boot was McNab's, who was rescued unconscious, badly cut and more dead than alive. How he escaped at all with two horses kicking and plunging above him is a miracle.

C. D. Rand returned yesterday from Tacoma.

S. E. Green secured a verdict against Crawford for assault.

A large party of settlers, under the guidance of Stanley Smith, will leave this month for the prairie lands of Nechace Valley.

Mr. A. Ross was married to Miss Elizabeth Lee at the residence of Mr. J. A. Smith, Wednesday evening.

J. D. Byrne, District Deputy of the Young Men's Institute, goes to Westminster to-day to take preparatory steps in regard to organizing a Y.M.I. in the Royal City.

Six Seattle toughs who have been working in the chain gang for the past month were released this morning. They will be offered work grading.

Mr. James Thomson, manager of the Hudson Bay stores, Calgary, is taking charge of the Company's business in this city.

Mrs. Mackenzie, wife of Mr. A. Mackenzie, C.P.R. stores, died yesterday. The order of C.O.O.F., M.U., will attend the funeral, in respect to Secretary Mackenzie, in a body to-morrow.

Mr. John Campbell has recovered from his illness and is recruiting in Kamloops.

George H Cowan, late of London, will open a law office in Vancouver.

Mr. Budlong's house, Mt. Pleasant, was burnt last night, being a total loss; insurance, $1,600.

Your reporter saw Stanley Smith with reference to the disappearance of Clark and Braydon. He says: "I am in receipt of a letter from the Hudson Bay Agent at Fort George. He writes that a man named Geo. B. Clarke, and friend, both from Quesnelle, wintered there. I see that a party in Nanaimo ventures to hope these are the missing men. I feel morally certain, however, that Clarke and Braydon, of Vancouver, have been murdered by the Indians, and thrown down the ravine at Chilco Lake. Any one that reaches Chilco, Copelands, or Nightingale's ranch, is safe, but the country between is rather dangerous traveling.

The Esquimalt & Nahaimo railway are suing the Union Steamship Co. for $4,000 damages sustained in the collision between the Cutch and Joan at Nanaimo. The underwriters have instructed the U.S.S. Co. to contest the claim. The underwriters have retained Messrs. Bodwell & Irving.

The five-year-old son of Roderick Campbell, while playing tag on Cambie street with a number of children, fell under the wheels of a heavy lumber wagon crossing the bridge, and was terribly injured. He was carried home, but died in fifteen minutes.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, April 7.—The dry goods merchants have signed an agreement to close their places of business at 6 p.m. in future.

Five thousand pounds of salmon are being shipped East daily, while the orders call for more than three times that amount. The salmon run continues very light.

The Westminster Garrison Artillery will enter two teams in the Canadian military rifle league this year.

W. A. Cumyow is authority for the statement that 1,000 Chinese have left Victoria and gone to Steveston since the crusade against the crowding of Celestial lodging houses.

The scheme to connect Steveston and other points on Lulu Island with Westminster by electric railway, is being promoted by W. H. Steves. It is reported that the enterprise has good financial backing, but who the parties are has not leaked out.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, April 7.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock last night, fire broke out in Dobeson's iron foundry, Comox road. The blaze was of short duration, little or no damage being done, and by the time the fire boys arrived the flames had been completely subdued.

Louis F. Post, of New York, lectured here last evening in the opera house. The audience was not large, but those present were treated to an exceptionably able discourse, and, whether in sympathy with the lecturer's views or not, all enjoyed his able and interesting exposition of the principles of Free Trade.

Mayor Haslam has commenced his electioneering campaign. He is now canvassing the Alberni and Englishman river districts. The Mayor returns to-morrow, and at an early date it is expected that he will address a mass meeting of the citizens.

ARCTIC EXPLORATION.

Another Trip Proposed at an Expense of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Colonel W. H. Gilder proposes to make another trip to the Arctic regions. He proposes on this trip not to reach the geographical pole but the magnetic poles. He is now seeking funds to defray the expenses of the journey. At the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day an interesting communication was read by John Austin Stevens. His statement reads in part as follows: "It is my purpose some time during the early part of next June or July to conduct a party of observers into the Arctic regions of North America to determine the location of the north magnetic pole and make a magnetic survey of the pole containing the area. The instruments and observers for this work will be supplied by the United States coast survey, but there is no fund in that bureau from which the cost of transport and maintenance of this party while in the field can be defrayed; so that money for that purpose will have to be obtained by voluntary subscriptions by those who have both means and inclination to aid the work. The entire expense of the expedition will be about $25,000, and it is desired that this sum shall be subscribed so that the party need not be cramped or hampered in its work."

CUBAN FILIBUSTERS.

Both the Spanish and American Authorities Watching Their Movements.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 7.—The Spanish authorities of the island of Cuba, especially in Havana, apprehend considerable trouble from the filibustering expedition fitting out in Key West. They have been forced to take cognizance of the movement, and are now convinced that the filibustering is now an undisputed fact. They are at present making all necessary preparations to meet the uprising. The Spanish consul here has received a telegram from Havana saying the expedition is almost ready to sail either from Key West or Tampa, and to head it off. Every precaution has been taken by them and the United States officials. The revenue cutter lies in the harbor under steam, and all liberty on shore of officers and crew has been suspended, and all boats equipped with rifles and ammunition. The McLane's commander has exclusive control of the harbor, and all vessels passing out are required to undergo a thorough examination before passing. This is the only United States vessel here at present, and it is feared by those in charge that her force will be inadequate should the expedition, numbering one thousand men, attempt to leave before reinforcements arrive. It is highly probable that two more cutters or a naval vessel will be assigned to co-operate with the McLane's commander.

Important Notice.

The old and well-known firm of Lange & Co., Watchmakers and Jewelers, have removed their place of business from Government street to No. 86 Douglas street, where they will continue to sell off their stock at cost. All repairs of watches, and other orders sent us will be attended to as usual. *

DRY GOODS.

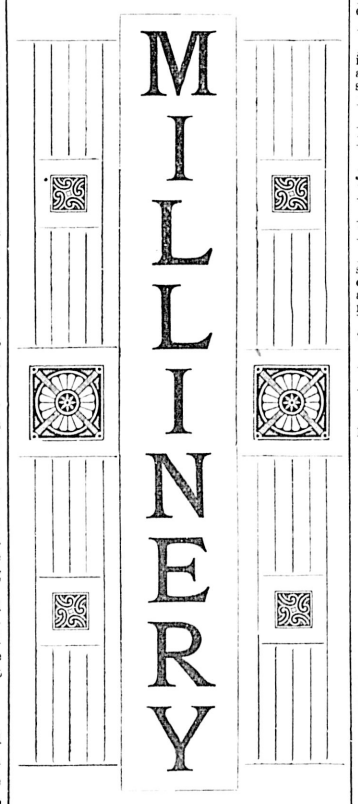
—THE—

STANLEY HOUSE.

GENERAL DRY GOODS

55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. FORT.

Constantly arriving by express, the newest shapes and patterns in



The railway blockade is now being raised and we shortly expect to be able to announce the arrival of our entire stock of

New Mantles,

New Jackets,

New Capes, &c

Personally selected by our Mr. Hampson while in Europe.

45 CASES OF THE NEWEST GOODS NOW EN ROUTE.

☞Look Out for Future Advertisements☜

WM. S. HAMPSON & CO.

my13-f-sa-tu

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—To lease from ten to twenty acres of cleared or partly cleared land, with house, within eight miles of city. Write particulars to "Farmer," COLONIST. ap6-4t

WANTED—General servant in small family, who understands the care of children. Call in the forenoon at 16 Quebec street. ap6-3t

WANTED—Situation by young English lady accustomed to children. As governess or companion. Apply to M. G., COLONIST office. ap6 3t

WANTED—Situation, by a young man; experienced book-keeper and general office work and shorthand writer. Aress, Colonist Office. ap5-5t

WANTED—A housemaid; wages $15 per month. Apply between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock to Mrs. McTavish, 1 Heywood avenue, Beacon Hill. ap5-4t

WANTED—A nurse immediately, to take charge of two young children; wages $15 a month. Apply at Mrs. Croasdaile's, Pemberton road, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. ap2 6t

ACTIVE, energetic men can find permanent situations with us as salesmen at a good income; superior advantages offered, and control of many special lines; we have the largest nurseries in Canada, over 700 acres; write for terms at once, giving references. Stone & Wellington, Victoria, B.C. mc17-1m

WANTED—Purchaser for furniture and contents of eight roomed house; five rooms now rented to roomers; preference given to party who will rent the house; nicely situated house, five minutes walk from post office. Address "Furniture," COLONIST office mc9

OSTRICH feathers cleaned, curled and dyed all colors. Felt hats, kid gloves, ribbons, lace, ties and all fancy articles cleaned by the new dry French process. Mrs. Windebank, removed from 85 Fort street to 79 no19 6m

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LEASE—Furnished six-roomed cottage with full bearing orchard and two city lots on Franklin street, between Vancouver and Cook. Apply Edgar Fawcett, Customs. ap6-3t

TO LET—Furnished new eight roomed house on Battery street, Beacon Hill, overlooking sea, either for nine or twelve months. Apply Ward, COLONIST office. ap5-1mo

TO LET—A few boarders can be accommodated in a refined home. Pleasant situation. 127 Menzies street. mc31-mo

TO LET—House on Rupert street, five minutes walk from post office. Apply W. J. Quinlan, Five Sisters block, city. mc30-tf

TO LET—Neat, clean, furnished rooms, well lighted. By day, week or month. Call and see them. Mrs. Dow, Cromwell House, 103½ Government street. mc22-1mo

TO LET—Two or three well furnished rooms in very desirable part of the city, near Beacon Hill Park; close to cars; suitable for gentlemen; house let furnished, if desired. Address B.C., COLONIST office. mc15-1m

TO LET—Neat, clean, furnished rooms, well lighted. By day, week or month. Call and see them. Mrs. Dow, Cromwell House, 103½ Government street. fe22-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—160 acres of first-class land, one-half mile from McPherson's Station; between fifty-five and sixty acres cleared and seeded down in timothy. Good creek, houses and plenty of fruit, and about fifteen acres more very easily cleared. Apply to ap7 PETER HENNESSY.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—A corner grocery store on Government street, doing a good trade, proprietor retiring from business. Address J. L., COLONIST office. ap5 1t

FOR SALE—Office business, paying over four thousand dollars per annum, net—Can be doubled in one year or less. Price $3,000 00 cash. Continued ill health sole reason for selling. Principals only need reply. Z., COLONIST office. ap5-5t

FOR SALE—Four or five gentle Cows just calved. Apply H. F. Bishop, steamer Yosemite. ap2-7t

FOR RENT—Rock Bay Hotel. Fifty rooms. Apply to A. Cameron, Rock Bay Hotel, or to 26 Yates street. mc31-1mo

FOR SALE—Clothing and jewelery store at a very low price and in good location, being located near water front, taking in sailors' and sealers' trade, etc. Apply 13 Johnson street. mc29 2w

FOR SALE—Lease of the Half Way House. Apply on the premises. mc14-1mo

FOR SALE—Three acres land. Enquire A. V. Bosse's grocery, corner Quadra and Johnson. mc9-1mo

FOR SALE—German canaries, good singers, at 86 Douglas street. Miss Lange. fe28 2m

FARMS FOR SALE—$1,500 will buy 140 acres of land ¾ mile from railway station; near salt water on Cowichan bay; about 20 acres cleared land, balance lightly timbered; all arable land; log house. Other farms to sell or rent. Apply Geo. Bartell, McPherson, P. O., Vancouver Island. no10-tf

FOR SALE—

14 choice residential lots, between Battery Street and Dallas Road, closely adjacent to Beacon Hill Park.

Plan and price list at office of JOHN J. AUSTIN, my22 Government Street.

TO LET.

A grocery store at 116 Yates street, with or without counters, scales, shelves, etc. Also the upper flat containing seven rooms. For particulars apply J. Barrow, 84 Yates street. mc25-1mo

FOR SALE—

THE FERTILE MATSQUI PRAIRIE LANDS

In Blocks of 40 acres each, at $35 to $45 per acre. The soil is exceedingly rich, and can be placed at once under cultivation or utilized for pasture or meadow.

Two new houses, 5 rooms each, Saanich Road, cheap, on very easy terms to suit purchaser.

Farms, Residences, Building Lots and Business Property for sale.

A. W. MORE & CO., Mortgage Brokers. 70 Douglas Street. ap27

CITY TRANSFER EXPRESS CO.

Has double and single express wagons day and night. Telephone 190. ap1 1m

NOTICE.

During my absence from British Columbia Mr. Alex. J. Mount, of the Transfer Co'y, Victoria, holds my full power of attorney. G. BYRNES. Victoria, April 4th, 1893. ap4-4m

MATERNITY Home (late Samaritan), 11 Rae street. Applications to be made at the Home or to Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road. fe17

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 93½ Douglas street. ap18

JOHN TEAGUE ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue, Established 1862. fe1

S. MACLURE, ARCHITECT, ALSO DESIGNER of artistic furniture and interior decorations. Address room 23, Five Sisters' Block. no23 1m

BAKERS.

VICTORIA STEAM BAKERY, M. R. SMITH & Co. 57 Fort street. Factory 91 Niagara street. P. O. Box 289. Telephone call 121. fe1

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., COMMISSION Merchants, 131 Government street. P O Box 318, Victoria. Agents Samuel Samuel & Co., Rice, Silk and Curios, London, Yokohama and Kobe; and The Tokio Leather Paper Mills, Japan; Chas. Cammell & Co., Ltd., Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, London, Sheffield, Worthington, etc.; Compania Gral. de Tabacos de Filipinas; The Canvas Mills of Kobe. fe1

DOCTORS.

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL

Has removed to 106 Yates street, telephone 80. se18

DR. D. B. HOLDEN

HAS OPENED AN OFFICE

fe24-1m Cor. Langley and Broughton Sts.

DR. JOHN HALL, HOMŒOPATHIST, Has removed his Offices to the Five Sisters' Block, third floor, Nos. 51 and 53. Attendance from 2 till 5 p.m. fe11

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE, ERNEST HALL, M.D., University of Trinity College, Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario; Philadelphia Polyclinic, Moorefields Eye Hospital, late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London. L. N. MACKECHNIE, M.B., Toronto University. Office, Jewell Block, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. fe28-1m

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING—Mrs. Marshall has removed to 91 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

HAY, FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD. Dealers in Hay, Oats, Flour, etc. Office and warehouse, 125 Government street. f-1

LAND SURVEYORS & CIVIL ENGINEERS.

GORE, BURNET & CO. Rooms 1 to 3, Five Sisters Block, T. S. Gore. H. Burnet. J. H. McGregor. mc17

MUSICAL.

BANJO and GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS by Chicago popular banjo and guitarist, Prof. T. W. Reamer; rare chance for beginners and advance pupils. Room 73 Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B. C. Take the elevator. mc11-1mo

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mc17

WHOLESALE DEALERS.

HENRY SAUNDERS, Importer and Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, etc., 39 and 41 Johnson street. P.O. Drawer H. Telephone No. 28. feb1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 222 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Munro & Hughes, 82 Douglas street; J. P. Matthews', cor. Douglas and Fort; or W. Blair, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

FOR SALE.

The lime property situated at Millstream, Highland District, containing 220 acres with buildings and lime kiln in full working order, making 50 barrels per day, and turning out the best lime in the province.

For particulars apply to HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government St. or to JOS. WRIGGLESWORTH, mc14-1m Yates St., city.

TO LET—Either separately or together, 1 store and 2 upper flats in the Lewis Block, 46 Yates street. Apply to LEWIS LEWIS or H. F. HEISTERMAN & CO. fe19 1m

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

House on Silvia street with unobstructed view of the Straits. Dining room, drawing room, four bedrooms, etc., drained to the sea. Also for sale a beautiful building site, nearly 1 acre, water front, seven minutes walk from trams. The easiest terms will be given. Apply to J. GERHARD TIARKS, Architect, 39½ Government street, Victoria, B. C. mc29

SPRING HAS COME

And persons contemplating improvements to their Stores, Offices, Dwellings or Out Buildings will save time, trouble and money by entrusting their orders to: : : : :

J. P. BURGESS, 10 Broughton St.

N. C. MAYO, Mason, Contractor and Builder.

Jobbing promptly attended to. Concrete, cement work and sewer connections a specialty. Residence, 53 Vancouver street. References given. no30-3m

NOTICE—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Adeline Victoria Grive, or any other person, without my written order. (Signed) Jos. T. Grive, Comox, Grantham P.O. ja24-1m

BRANDY.

ROUYER, GUILLET & CIE.

COGNAC, FRANCE.

Proprietors of 122 Distilleries, and Largest Shippers of Bulk for Ten Years. j 11-su-th

KASLO CITY

THE LEADING TOWN

OF WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

The Growth of Kaslo during the Past Year has been one of Continued Advancement.

Everyone is now well acquainted with the wonderful strides which have been made by Kaslo City during the first year of its existence. One year ago there was scarcely a building or clearing on the Townsite. To-day there are many hundreds of Houses, Substantial Business Blocks, Sawmills, Wide and Well Graded Streets and Sidewalks, Roads and Trails to the Mines, and First-Class Transportation Facilities.

It Is the Busiest Town in Kootenay,

And it has the Brightest Future in store, for it is the Centre of the Richest Silver Mining Region of the Continent. A Railway is now under construction to the Famous Mines of the Slocan, and it is the only point in Kootenay from which ore is being shipped in quantity.

Read what that well-known and energetic mining man, J. F. Wardner, says of the Mines tributary to Kaslo.

PRODUCTION FOR THREE YEARS.

I estimate the following tonnage as the ability of the following Mines:

	Tons		Tons
Noble Five Group	50,000	Ruby Silver	25,000
Rico	50,000	Alice	25,000
Washington	50,000	Mountain Chief	25,000
Wonderful	50,000	Idaho	25,000
Freddie Lee	50,000	Alamo	25,000
Blue Bird	50,000	Great Western	25,000
Utica Consolidated	50,000	Jackson	25,000
Slocan Star	50,000	Wellington	25,000
Dardanelles Group	50,000	Cape Consolidated	10,000
Lucky Jim	25,000	Best	10,000
Reed & Robinson	25,000	Storemount	10,000
Big Bertha	25,000		
Slocan Boy	25,000	Total	780,000

Any discrepancies or short-comings in tonnage will be fully made up by the Great Undiscovered. This estimate is reasonable, when we consider that in order to produce 25,000 tons of this kind of ore in three years we only have to displace five cubic feet per day. Kaslo has no rival for this business. A railroad from the nearest point on the Canadian Pacific Railroad to the great group of producers would be sixty-one (61) miles long. A railroad from Kaslo to the great group of producers will be twenty-four (24) miles long, with a grade averaging less than 2 per cent. The construction of this railroad is assured.

J. F. WARDNER.

Those who invested in Kaslo a year ago in many cases have made a thousand per cent. on their investment. Those who invest now will do equally as well, for the forces are at work which will build it into a city of many thousands of people.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS APPLY TO

The Kaslo-Kootenay Land Co

ROBT. IRVING,

General Agent,

Williams' Building, Broad Street.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Occidental Hotel

R. H. BERRYMAN, Proprietor.

Nice clean rooms, best of board, well-stocked bar. Rates low; special rates made to families. Strangers in the city will find this a comfortable, home-like house to stop at. No pains spared to give satisfaction. oc18-tf

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 17,

To take effect at 8.00 a. m. on Friday September 30th, 1892. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| GOING SOUTH. READ UP. | | |

BOARD OF TRADE.

Interesting Proceedings at the First Quarterly Meeting in the New Building.

The Marine Hospital—The Approaching Banquet—Buoying the Channel—Pilotage and Towage Charges.

The first quarterly meeting of the B. C. Board of Trade in the new Board of Trade buildings was held yesterday afternoon. The board room is large, airy and spacious, with seating capacity for about 150 members, and pending the arrival of a quorum the early comers enjoyed the beautiful view afforded from the windows.

President Hall took the chair at 3 o'clock. The members in attendance were: Messrs. H. F. Heisterman, C. E. Renouf, W. Morris, H. E. Connon, J. E. Cowper, D. R. Perrin, Robert Ward, W. R. Wilson, L. H. Northey, L. H. Webber, J. H. Todd, S. Leiser, D. R. Ker, W. Seymour, H. J. Scott, A. C. Flumerfelt, F. B. Gregory, M. Strouss, R. H. Swinerton, B. Boggs, J. Sehl and G. Leiser.

Mr. Flumerfelt reported verbally as to the proposed banquet. A substantial sum had been guaranteed; if the amount guaranteed would be sufficient, they could proceed with the banquet. Several tenders had been received, but the committee did not think it advisable to award any contract without first consulting the board.

A long discussion ensued, resulting in the adoption of a motion by Mr. Ward, that the banquet committee be given further time to complete arrangements and fix a suitable date for the holding of the banquet, a suggestion being thrown out that it should be held within a month.

THE MARINE HOSPITAL.

The following letter was read by the secretary:—

MARINE AND FISHERIES, CANADA.
OTTAWA, 7th March, 1893.

SIR: Referring to your letter of the 20th of January last, addressed to the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, requesting that an official inquiry might be made into the working of the Marine hospital at Victoria, B. C., keeping in view the absolute necessity of proper care and provision for sick mariners left at your port, I beg to inform you that the matter has received the careful consideration of the Minister, who is now in England, and it has been decided to transfer the patients from the Marine hospital to the Royal Jubilee hospital at Victoria, and to close up the Marine hospital.

With reference to the complaint made that the seamen received into the Marine hospital did not receive proper care and attention, and that there was not proper accommodation in the hospital for the patients received, I beg to enclose, for your information, a copy of certificates received from sailors who had been treated in the hospital, testifying that they had been treated and looked after by the steward in the best manner, and that he had done everything in his power for their comfort, and that they received plenty of food of the best description, and their treatment was everything that could be desired. I may also observe that when the complaints referred to were being made, extensive repairs and improvements to the hospital had been nearly completed by Mr. Gamble, the resident engineer of the Department of Public Works, who had charge of the work, and that the necessary arrangements were also being made for conveying water from the Esquimalt Water Works to the institution.

I observe that it was also stated at the quarterly meeting of the Board of Trade, held on the 6th of January, that the Dominion Government, in the year 1892, had made a clear profit of $2,000 in connection with the care of sick seamen. There is evidently some misapprehension in regard to this matter, as I find that the receipts on account of marine hospitals in British Columbia from 1873 to the 30th of June, 1892, amounted to $64,022.61, while the expenditure for the same period, including cost of hospital and repairs by Public Works Department up to the 30th of January, 1893, amounted to the sum of $80,857.61, thus showing that a much larger amount has been expended by the Government for this service than that received from sick mariners' dues. I am, sir,

Your most obedient servant,
JOHN COSTIGAN,
Acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

F. Elworthy, Esq., Secretary Board of Trade, Victoria, B.C.

Certificates were read from twenty-eight seamen, who had beeen treated in the hospital, all of whom testified to the care of the steward, and the abundance and quality of the food supplied.

Mr. Ward said that he considered the reply to the communication from the board uncalled for, and undignified. An inquiry had been called for into the general management and conduct of the institution, and it was but reasonable to suppose that this would have been granted. An inquiry was, it was true, held by Capt. Gaudin, agent of the department, who he was sorry to see had rushed into print in his anxiety to defend those whom he represented, and endeavored, by securing statements from men who had been treated in the hospital, to show that the action taken by the Board of Trade was unjustifiable. It would have been much more satisfactory had the Minister of Marine and Fisheries got his information from another source than an official. No medical testimony had been taken as to the fitness of the building for a hospital, and the appliances afforded. It was stated that when the complaints of the board reached the department extensive repairs and improvements to the hospital had been nearly completed by Mr. Gamble, and that the necessary arrangements were also being made for conveying water from the Esquimalt Water Works, but then it ought to have been added (as the minister had facetiously remarked) that the water supply should have been secured from the roof of the house. Then it was suggested that the establishment would be closed up altogether and arrangements made with the Royal Jubilee hospital for the treatment of sick mariners. Here came in a very important point, and one well worthy the serious consideration of the board. According to the terms of union the Dominion Government were bound to maintain a marine hospital at Victoria; they should be held to their terms (hear, hear), and not permitted to remove the marine hospital from Victoria. He concluded by moving the following resolution:

"That the letter dated 7th March, 1893, addressed to the board by the acting Minister of Marine and Fisheries in connection with the Marine hospital at Victoria, B C., be referred to the Council for reply; that the attention of the Council be directed to the fact that the board's resolution of 20th January last merely requested an inquiry to be made by the department with a view of securing proper care and provisions for sick mariners at this port; that the only inquiry instituted, apparently, has been that made by the agent of the department in obtaining the signatures of six seamen (inmates of the hospital for twelve weeks) to a statement to the effect that their treatment "has been all that could be desired"; that notwithstanding the decision of the department "to transfer the patients from the Marine hospital to the Royal Jubilee hospital, and to close up the Marine hospital," the board should point out that, without the consent of the Province, any interference with the terms of Union under which (No. 5, Sec. G) Canada is bound to defray the charges for *marine hospitals, including a marine hospital* at Victoria, will be strongly resisted."

Mr. Ker seconded the resolution, and in doing so expressed the hope that the matter would be taken up most vigorously by the council. The Dominion Government should not be allowed to get in the thin end of the wedge, as appeared to be the intention, by the removal of the Marine hospital.

Mr. Flumerfelt did not think it was intended to remove the hospital.

Mr. Ward—I notice by a copy of the estimates with which I have been favored that provision is made for gratuities to the medical officer and caretaker of the Marine hospital. What does that mean?

Mr. Flumerfelt explained that the department had offered 90 cents per day for patients in the Royal Jubilee hospital. The hospital board had quoted its terms at $10 per week, and explained that they would not be bound to take in any number of patients.

Mr. Renouf pointed out that the statements of the Board of Trade had not been refuted by the Marine department. It was alleged that a profit of $2,000 had been made for the year 1892 in connection with the hospital. The department went out of their way to disprove this, going back to the year 1873 and taking in the whole of the Province to prove that there had been a loss. In these expenditures hospital repairs had been included.

The resolution passed with acclamation.

The auditors of last year were re-elected—Messrs. Johnson, McQuade and Flumerfelt.

Messrs. J. L. Forrester and T. M. Henderson were unanimously elected members of the board.

Mr. Ward called attention to the pilotage and towage charges of the port, and asked that the council should take these matters into their consideration. The Puget Sound freights were more favorable than those of Victoria. There were three distinct pilotage authorities in this Province, which was also objectionable. He would like to see more energy displayed by tug owners as it was not complimentary to see ships towed into port by foreign tugs and with foreign pilots holding the helm.

Mr H E. Connon concurred. He said the pilotage rates charged in this port were altogether too high.

The President said that the cause for complaint in this particular would soon be removed.

Mr. Renouf suggested that, in view of the number of shipping casualties, something should be done to properly buoy the channel.

This was also referred to the council, and the board adjourned, having passed votes of condolence to the families of the three members who recently passed away—Hon. Hugh Nelson, J. Laidlaw and M. W. Waitt.

CHICAGO'S WATER SUPPLY.

Report of the Experts Sent Out by the London "Lancet" to Investigate.

LONDON, April 7.—The report of the commissioners sent by the Lancet, the leading medical journal of Great Britain, to make examination into the sanitary condition of Chicago, with a view to the better information of British visitors to that city during the coming World's Fair, states that all conditions of Chicago river water examined showed appalling pollution by animal refuse, indiscriminately mixed with common sewerage. The pollution begins at the mouth of the Chicago river and increases until the maximum of filth is reached in the vicinity of the stock yards, near the southern branch of the pumping station, where the filthy conditions defy description.

At certain points it is worse than crude sewerage; the smell is vile and nauseating. The temperature of Chicago river water varied from 33 degrees Fahrenheit at the mouth of the river to 44 degrees at the stock yards, while the temperature of the air did not exceed 24 degrees. It was safe, therefore, to conclude that the condition of the Chicago river in summer would be still more abominable.

Many samples of Lake Michigan water failed to furnish any distinct evidence of serious pollution. In dealing with the domestic supply the report emphasizes that it is desirable to filter lake water for drinking, since not a single sample of the ordinary water is entirely free from sediment, which, in the majority of cases, consisted of vegetable debris and numerous organisms, chiefly of a kind peculiar to pond water, found in sample number 33, representing water supplied to the north side residents. Dead fleas were found floating in it.

"It may be said truly," continues the report, "that the water supplied from Lake Michigan is good throughout, and provided it is sufficiently filtered and boiled there would be no chemical objection to its use. Indeed, it compares very favorably with that supplied in London.

STARVED AND DEMENTED.

A British Military Man Becomes Disheartened and Tries to Get Anywhere Out of the World.

ST. LOUIS, MO., April 7.—Capt. W. F. Leslie was found in a starved and demented condition on a bench in Forest park, where he had been for eight days and nights. When the captain went away from his boarding house he left a number of letters announcing that he was tired of life and going to end it. One of the letters was addressed to H. M. Blake, his particular friend, who, from the contents and wording of the letter, decided that Leslie was insane. The police could get no clue until Wednesday, when a report came to Blake that a man answering Leslie's description had been sitting for a week on a bench in Forest park. Blake and Leslie's landlord went there and found the lost man. For a moment there was a blank stare on Leslie's face. Then his eyes lighted up with returning reason, and his first words were to ask for something to eat. Blake secured a cab and the party drove home. Leslie seemed as happy as a bird and talked as he ate. He is overjoyed to be back home again. The despondency that drove him away is all gone and life never looked brighter than now. Leslie is the son of a distinguished British general who won fame and honor in the Crimean war. He had a thorough military education, entered the British army soon after reaching his majority and went to India. He was raised to the rank of captain, but lost his commission and came to America. For ten years he was cashier in a New York bank.

Strongly Endorsed.

The advertising of Hood's Sarsaparilla appeals to the sober, common sense of thinking people, because it is true; and it is always fully substantiated by endorsements which in the financial world would be accepted without a moment's hesitation. They tell the story—HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

Try the M. M. best razor, warranted. Sold only by McLennan & McFeely.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE—A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head (more of less) Cows, Steers, 2-year olds, etc., etc., (about 60 or more to calve this spring), 1 pedigree Hereford Bull (rising 3 years.

7 Mares (in foal to a good stallion), 1 Horse, Pigs, Chickens, etc.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Fanning Mill, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies' and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

4 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, 10 miles barbed wire and staples; about 2,500 Posts on the ground, ready for use, etc., etc.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The population of this district will increase this year by at least 10,000; the area of farm land is very limited, and from this it may be fairly asserted that beef and all classes of farm produce will find a ready and lucrative market. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys. All buildings and fences about the farm are in good order, and farming operations can be gone on with at once; about 180 acres of ploughing have been, so far, provided for this year's work.

The Climate is not severe, the land being about 1,100 feet above sea level; the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains. There is a weekly express in and out. Goods and supplies at wholesale can be procured on order and delivered in 48 hours.

The Title is by grant from the Crown, and is free of all encumbrances. Immediate possession can be given.

Important Railway works are now in progress within moderate distance, and two railway lines have been run to pass close to or through the estate, which can be reached in the spring in three days' journey from Victoria.

The South West Kootenay District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines this winter, is destined in the next year or two to become one of the richest and most important mineral centres in the world. Statistics show, that although the district is in its primary stage, the mines have developed ore veins rich enough to warrant the investment of over a million dollars. When these mines come to be worked systematically, there will be an

Influx of Population, which will require beef and farm produce in large quantities. The limited quantity of really good farm land in the district to supply these requirements makes this

A BONANZA!

To any person or corporation having the capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work this estate. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

KOFF NO MORE
WATSONS' COUCH DROPS
WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. STAMPED ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM
de24-tts

TONY ELLIOTT,
(Formerly employed by Weiler Bros.)
Paperhanger, Tinter and Kalsominer,
Is now prepared to do work at cheap rates. Contracts given in papering and tinting. All orders promptly attended to.
Orders to be left at Erskine, Wall & Co 's, cor. Fort and Government streets. mc18 mo

EGGS

FOR SALE from Prize Winners at Victoria, 1893, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Light Brahmas, Silver Laced Wyandottes, White and Brown Leghorns. $2.50 for 13; $4.00 for 26.
Address—
C. W. RILEY,
mc17-1m North Bend, B. C.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"Civil Service Gazette."
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. ja6-tts

RAGS WANTED.
Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at his office.

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the Public.

New Business, 1892.....$19,517,516.00
Insurance in force 31st Dec., 1892..$76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for the Province of B. C.,
Office: 43½ Government Street. fe10-3m-com

FOR
JOHN JAMESON & SON'S
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD
IRISH WHISKEY
Please see that EACH LABEL has on it this caution in full, viz.:
"In order that consumers may feel assured of genuineness, we "would request attention to this, our SPECIAL EXPORT LABEL, "and to our Trade Mark and Name on Corks, Capsules, and Cases, "also to age mark."
John Jameson & Son Ltd.
*One, Two or Three Stars,
Which consumers are kindly requested to ask for.
Drink this JOHN JAMESON & SON'S "OWN CASED" WHISKEY; it is the finest that can be produced, and realizes the highest price on the Irish Whiskey Market.
BLACK BOTTLES { ONE STAR * Capsuled Blue. TWO STARS * * " Pink. THREE STARS * * * " Gold.
Through the usual trade channels, and wholesale only of their Sole Export Bottling Agents.
CHARLES DAY & CO., London.
aug7-12t-1am

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.
Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.
The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.
The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.
H. A. YATES,
de23-tf Secretary.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that payments on lots purchased in lot 31, Kings road, Work Estate, and in lot 70, Edmonton road, Fernwood Estate, are to be made to Mr. Hyland, of the firm of Matson & Hyland, office in Redfern's building, Government street.
W. H. ELLIS,
Victoria, March 18, 1893. mc18

British Columbia Milling & Mining Company (Limited).
Notice is hereby given that the following stock certificates and shares of and in the capital stock of the above named Company have, in whole or in part, been sold by public auction, in pursuance of law, to satisfy Call No. 23 and costs, and that the said certificates have accordingly been, and now stand, cancelled in whole or in part, viz.: John A. Andrew, No. 475, 100 shares; Samuel Bednall, No. 85, 100 shares, No. 861, 200 shares; Douglas & Deighton, No. 849, 100 shares; William Evans, No. 1152, 1000 shares; Alfred Flett, No. 1129, 20 shares; Jacob Sehl, No. 139, 50 shares; William Smithe, No 832, 50 shares, No 834, 50 shares; Crispin Taylor, No. 1151, 1000 shares; Orlando Warner, No. 247, 25 shares.
All persons are warned not to negotiate or deal with the said certificates.
GEO. A. SARGISON,
Secretary.
Victoria, 30th March, 1893. mc31-1w

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.
ap27

MISCELLANEOUS.

RECEIVED---
EX BARQUE ASSEL,
GAELIC "SMUGGLER" WHISKY
DUNVILLE'S IRISH WHISKY.
PUET'S BRANDY, In Hhds., Qrs., Octs., ½ Octs., ¼ Octs.
BACOT'S BRANDY, In Hhds, Qrs., Octs., ½ Octs., ¼ Octs.
BORIANNE'S BRANDY, XXX, In Cases, Bottles, Flasks, ½ Flasks.
J. & J. Melcher's HOLLAND'S GIN, In Hhds., Qrs., Octs., ½ Octs., ¼ Octs.
☞Red and Green Cases.
HUDSON'S BAY CO.,
ap24 VICTORIA.

FOR RENT.
HOTEL JANION
FIFTY ROOMS.
APPLY TO
C. Rattray, 28 Store Street.
mc28-2w

American Hotel and Restaurant
DUDGEON & BRICE, PROP'S, YATES STREET.
Board and lodging, $1 per day. A good meal, with beer or wine, 25c., a specialty. Bill of fare—Cut from joint, 15c; grilled steak, 15c.; mutton chops, 15c.; vegetables, 5c.; tea or coffee, 5c.; pastry, 5c.; cheese and pickles, 5c. mc9

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.
Notice is hereby given that the sale of the lands of Mary Claxton Heathorn, of the City of Victoria, advertised to take place on the 21th day of February, 1893, is further postponed until Friday, the 21th day of April, 1893, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, in front of the Sheriff's office, Bastion street, Victoria.
J. E. McMILLAN,
fe24 Sheriff.

Administrator's Notice.
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
In the matter of the Estate of James Mitchell Pirie, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrators Act."
Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Walkem, bearing date the 30th day of March 1893, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate chattels and credits of James Mitchel Pirie, late of the City of Victoria, B. C., deceased intestate.
Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 30th day of May, A. D., 1893, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.
W. MONTEITH,
ap5-4tw Official Administrator.

IN USE 100 YEARS.
THE
POOR MAN'S FRIEND
Dr. Roberts' OINTMENT
SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D. is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for Wounds of every description, Chilblains, Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.
Dr. ROBERTS' ALTERATIVE PILLS FOR THE BLOOD and SKIN.
SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula Scrobutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.
They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England. my20

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE
Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—*Times*, July 13 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM, &c.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—The Right Hon. Earl RUSSELL communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—*See Lancet*, Dec. 31, 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—*Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1865.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colics, &c.
CAUTION — None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne," on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer. J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St., London. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d.
au12

$50 FOR A CHICKEN.
To create an interest in the breeding of high class poultry, I will award a special prize of $50 00 cash to the person raising the heaviest Plymouth Rock chicken hatched from eggs purchased off me.
Plymouth Rocks are unquestionably the best breed of fowls known for the Canadian farmer. Send for descriptive Circular of this valuable breed of fowls.
Eggs for hatching, guaranteed fresh and true to name, carefully packed in baskets and delivered to Express Company, $2.00 per sitting of 13. Address T. A. WILLETS,
Breeder of Plymouth Rock Fowls,
ap23 Weston, Ont.

BARRELS.
A number of empty Barrels, formerly containing varnish are for sale at "The Colonist" office. 311

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1893.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY,

BY

THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six Months 1 25
Three Months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

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Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

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WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

COMMUNICATIONS.

All communications intended for publication or concerning matters of news or opinion should be addressed to THE EDITOR, accompanied invariably with the name of the writer. All other communications, in reference to subscriptions, advertisements, etc., matters of business, should be addressed to the BUSINESS MANAGER.

BLIGHTED AMBITION.

Mr. Cotton's first attempt at leadership turned out to be a complete failure. He was unable to retain the support of the Independents, and he strengthened the support of the Government. The majority decided that the Government in postponing the Redistribution Bill has not forfeited the confidence of the House, but has acted in the best interests of the Province. The division of twenty-one to ten in favor of Mr. Horne's amendment must have been a sore blow and a great discouragement to the ambitious senior member for Vancouver. He must have known that the Government had not done anything worthy of censure, and he must now see that in making the withdrawal of the Redistribution Bill the ground of a motion of want of confidence he committed a huge mistake. The good sense of the House and of the country is on the side of the Government, and Mr. Cotton must have been blind not to have seen that the members of the majority would not stultify themselves, even to make him the leader of a third party. If he had as much knowledge of parliamentary usage as a man in his position ought to have, he would have known that merely postponing a measure not urgently required by the country is not sufficient or proper ground for a vote of censure. The Dominion Government during the session just closed dropped two measures mentioned in the Speech from the Throne—one a bill to improve the Franchise law, and the other to amend the Civil Service Act—and yet the Opposition did not say a word about the withdrawal or postponement. And it is to be presumed that the Hon. Wilfred Laurier understands the duties of Opposition leader almost as well as Mr. F. C. Cotton.

THE BRITISH SITUATION.

The motion for the second reading of the Home Rule bill has been made. The prospect at this moment is that the measure will be successfully engineered through the House of Commons. Mr. Gladstone's majority is larger than was expected. At the last important division, on Mr. Balfour's want of confidence motion, it was forty-seven, and sanguine Home Rulers predict that Mr. Gladstone's bill will be carried by a majority of fifty.

It is difficult to say how Home Rule is looked upon by the country. The bye-elections have not proved a very satisfactory test. The Government has sustained in them some discouraging defeats, but it has also had some unexpected successes. There are so many influences that have weight in an isolated election that are not felt in a general appeal to the people that it is always unsafe to take the results of a few bye-elections as a test of political feeling and public opinion.

There can be no doubt that in Ireland the feeling adverse to Home Rule has become stronger and more intense; at any rate, its manifestations are more striking than they have been hitherto. The people of Ulster believe that they will be deprived of religious liberty if Home Rule carries the day and Ireland has a Parliament and an Executive of its own. They are appealing strongly to their fellow-Protestants in Great Britain, and it would be wonderful if those appeals met with no response. The welcome that Mr. Balfour met in Ireland and the speeches which were made while he was there, must, one would think, convince the people of England and Scotland that the Protestants of Ulster really believe that a dreadful danger is hanging over them. The evidence of their earnestness and sincerity is too strong to be doubted for a single moment. It seems unreasonable to believe that the electors of Great Britain will conclude that the fears of the men of Ulster are only imaginary, and that their apprehensions are groundless; and that when the time comes they will help to place over the heads of their Ulster co-religionists an authority which they dread so much and hate so bitterly. We would not be at all surprised to hear that a sympathy in favor of the Ulster men has been evoked in Great Britain so general and so strong as very materially to affect the elections when they shall be held.

It is generally admitted that there will be another general election on the Home Rule issue, and that, too, before very long. It is certain that the Lords will reject the Home Rule bill. When it is thrown out of the House of Lords, Mr. Gladstone will not accept defeat. He will appeal again to the people, and then it will be found whether or not the sympathy for the Ulster Protestants is general and active.

The politicians say that much depends upon the continuation of Mr. Gladstone's life. If he should die before the Home Rule bill is carried or before a second appeal to the people is made on the Home Rule issue—a contingency that is by no means impossible—the prospects of Home Rule for an indefinite period will be blasted. We do not think that the men who hope much from Mr. Gladstone's death are wise. History has proved that there is very seldom, indeed, an indispensable man. The business of the world goes on, and great changes which the people desire are made, no matter who lives or who dies. The great question to be decided is, are the majority of the people of Great Britain and Ireland now really in favor of Home Rule for Ireland? There is a good deal of doubt about this. It is said that the question was not well understood at the last election. The people have received, it is asserted, much instruction since and another election will show that the Liberal party, even with the help of Ireland, will not be able to get a majority of the British people to vote for the dismemberment of the Empire.

NEWSPAPER SERMONS.

When Elliot F. Shepard, editor and proprietor of the New York Mail and Express, placed a Scripture text at the head of the editorial column of his paper almost every one in New York made fun of him, and he was the butt of the jokers of the press of the city. Among the scoffers was, if our memory serves us, the New York Herald. But time brings about many changes, for now the New York Herald not only places verses of Scripture at the head of its editorial column but it publishes a sermon under the text. The sermons, too, are not burlesques, but serious, practical discourses. The following passage is from one of them, on "A business man's creed." The text is, we may say in passing, the seventh, eighth and twelfth verses of the fifth chapter of St. Matthew:

If you were to ask a thoughtful business man what he thinks necessary to salvation, he would tell you in a trice as follows:

First, commercial integrity. It is the rankest kind of heterodoxy to believe that trickery in the acquisition of wealth will pay in the long run. The man who grabs at everything will probably be buried by contributions. There is such a thing as a business conscience, and it is possible to conduct business on the principles which conscience lays down. Thievery is not a short cut to success, neither is it necessary that some one should be made poor in order that you may become rich. The strongest firms are those in which the business world has confidence and whose word is the equivalent of a bond. Commercial deviltry ruins your credit, and if you keep it up for twenty years you will be poorer than when you started. There is nothing so much to be prized as sterling honesty in your various transactions, and if the goods you ship are not like the sample, you may think yourself smart, but you are a fool. The best kind of religion is that which makes you a square man and then keeps you square.

This is so good that we think that some of our readers would like to see the second part of this newspaper sermon. Here it is:

Second, a recognition of your duties to your fellows. If you have something you ought to give something. There are many institutions, such as charities, hospitals, retreats, asylums—which the State cannot be reasonably asked to support. They are absolutely necessary in a self-respecting community, but they must depend upon the generosity of the rich. If fate or good fortune has singled you out and given you much instead of little, you are under certain serious obligations to those whom the Master spoke of as your "neighbors." The welfare of society depends partly on you, and if you are niggardly suffering will be increased, because it will not be allayed. Riches and duties run side by side in double harness. The man who is rich and mean is a heretic and should be consigned to the stocks to be jeered at and pelted. The man who has money and gives it is the ideal citizen, the thoroughly orthodox citizen, whose creed is true blue.

The style of the above extracts may not suit some pulpits, but every one will have to admit that the sentiments expressed are sound and the advice given good.

We have not heard how this new departure in journalism is received in New York. The editor, however, must have received some encouragement, for he continues the practice. Indeed, the sermon has come to be a prominent feature in the weekly edition of the Herald.

THE NEW ARRANGEMENT.

The arrangement for a monthly steamship service between British Columbia and Australia is a strong indication that the importance of this Province is being properly estimated by the business men of the world. A few years ago it would have appeared almost as feasible to obtain a line of balloons to the moon as a line of steamships between this Pacific Province and the Australian Colonies. Those who talked about such a line were regarded as harmless visionaries whose dreams would not be realized within a century or so. But progress is rapid in our day, and what but a few years ago appeared almost immeasurably distant is now within our grasp.

The new line will no doubt be most advantageous to this Province as well as to the whole Dominion. When it is established Australia will be really nearer to Victoria than Great Britain was less than fifty years ago to Halifax, Quebec, Montreal and New York. It took the sailing ships of those days much longer to cross the Atlantic than it will the steamers of the Australian line to traverse the Pacific, a good deal more than twice the distance.

Messrs. Prior and Earle are entitled to the thanks of the citizens of Victoria for having used their influence to have the steamers calling at Victoria made a condition of the agreement with Huddart, Parker & Co. Regular steam communication with Australia cannot but be beneficial to this city, and there are men in it intelligent enough and enterprising enough to make the most of the advantage.

AIR SOLIDIFIED.

When Professor Dewar transformed air into a fluid substance, he was believed to have performed a feat which was only a little less wonderful than a miracle. The Professor was not, it appears, satisfied with that result. He was determined, if it could be done, to make the thin air assume a form more substantial then even that of a fluid, and he has succeeded. He has converted it into a solid. This is what the London Times says of his wonderful performance:

Professor Dewar communicated to the Royal Society at its meeting last week a most interesting development of his experiments upon air at very low temperatures. Our readers are already familiar with the fact that he has liquefied air at ordinary atmospheric pressure. He has now succeeded in freezing it into a clear, transparent solid. The precise nature of this solid is at present doubtful, and can be settled only by further research. It may be a jelly of solid nitrogen containing liquid oxygen, much as calves' foot jelly contains water diffused in solid gelatine. Or it may be a true ice of liquid air, in which both oxygen and nitrogen exist in the solid form. The doubt arises from the fact that Professor Dewar has not been able by his utmost efforts to solidify pure oxygen, which, unlike other gases, resists the cold produced by its own evaporation under the air pump. Nitrogen, on the other hand, can be frozen with comparative ease. It has already been proved that in the evaporation of liquid air nitrogen boils off first. Consequently the liquid is continually becoming richer in that constituent which has hitherto resisted solidification. It thus becomes a question whether the cold produced is sufficiently great to solidify oxygen, or whether its mixture with nitrogen raises its freezing point, or whether it is not really frozen at all, but merely entangled among the particles of solid nitrogen, like the rose water in cold cream. The result, whatever may be its precise nature, has been attained by the use of the most powerful appliances at command—a double set of the vacuum screens already described in our columns, combined with two powerful air pumps. Upon either view of its constitution, the new solid is in the highest degree interesting and hopeful.

AN UNLOOKED FOR RESULT.

The people of the State of Michigan are beginning to find that abolition of the death punishment is being followed by inconveniences which were not thought of by the merciful legislators. Murderers imprisoned for life, knowing that they are already suffering the extreme penalty of the law and that nothing worse can befall them, no matter what they do, take the lives of their keepers whenever an opportunity offers. Not long ago a man named Cuddy was murdered by a life convict. Another miscreant named Latimer, who was undergoing imprisonment for life for the murder of his mother, in order to facilitate his escape from prison murdered one of his guards. For this second crime he can, under the Michigan law, receive no other punishment than that to which he was sentenced for killing his mother. This inhuman wretch, when he gets into prison again, may knock the brains out of half a dozen jailers without forfeiting his worthless life. The problem which the Michigan legislators have to solve, is how they are to punish a murderer already under sentence for committing an indefinite number of murders. If the prison officials do not take the law in their own hands and kill the convict who attempts the life of any one who is in charge of him, it is hard to see what is to be done without going back to the old-fashioned way of ridding society of cold-blooded murderers.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

SEE THE BRANTFORDS For 1893

THEY HAVE THE BEST TIRE — THEY ARE LIGHT YET STRONG

There is nothing like them.

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MEETINGS.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p. m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja28-tf C. DUBOIS MASON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Cariboo, No. 743, meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month in St. George's Hall, cor. Government and Bastion sts. Visiting brethren welcome. R. Douglas, C. R., A. L. Campbell, R. S. oc15

L. O. L., NO. 1610—Meets first and third Friday in each month, in Sons of St. George Hall, cor. Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren invited to attend.
ap12 JOHN WALLACE, Sec.

"SONS OF ERIN" MEET SECOND WEDnesday in each month at 8 p. m. in Pioneer Hall, Broad street. Richard Ackland, Honorary Secretary ja12

SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION!

Send for our Catalogue of Portable Boats and Pneumatic Decoys. Our Boats are unequalled for Fishing and Shooting. Two dozen of our Decoys can be carried in hunting coat pockets.

ACME FOLDING BOAT CO., 242 St. James St., Montreal.
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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

VETERINARY :: SURGEON.
R. HAMILTON, M.R.C.V.S.
Office, Bowman's Livery Stables, tel. 87. Residence, 100 Cadboro Road, tel. 537. ju23

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters' Block, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.
G. A. Keefer, M.I.C.E. H. B. Smith, M.I.C.E.

ASSAYS AND ANALYSIS OF ORES
W. PELLEW HARVEY
GOLDEN, - BRITISH COLUMBIA
1881-1885—With Messrs. Vivian & Sons, Swansea.
1885-1890—Chief Assayer and Chemist to John F. Penrose & Sims, Assayers to the Rio Tinto Co., etc., Cornwall.
Price card on application. mc12

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.
Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.
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THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT.
☞ Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

F. M. RATTENBURY, ARCHITECT,
34 and 36 Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B C.
New Holland Block, Cordova Street, Vancouver, B. C. fe12-1m

KOOTENAY - INVESTMENTS.
E. C. CARPENTER begs to inform intending purchasers that he will be in Kootenay after March 5th.
Information given on Mines, Claims, and Real Estate in Nelson, Ainsworth and Slocan (Slocan especially).
Correspondence solicited. Confidential enquiries answered promptly. Address—P. O. Nelson, Kootenay, B. C. fe28-tf

DRS. VERRINDER BROS DENTISTS
Room 17, Five Sisters' Block, Cor. Fort and Government Streets.
R. F. Verrinder, M.D., D.D.S., specialist, Oral Surgery. A. E. Verrinder, M.D., D.D.S. specialist, Orthodontia and Bridge Work. ju21

ALEXANDER MUIR,
Accountant and General Agent
NO. 2 GREEN BLOCK, NANAIMO, B. C.
☞ CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. ☜
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The Cod That Helps to Cure The Cold.
The disagreeable taste of the COD LIVER OIL is dissipated in
SCOTT'S EMULSION
Of Pure Cod Liver Oil with HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.
The patient suffering from CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGH, COLD, OR WASTING DISEASES, takes the remedy as he would take milk. A perfect emulsion, and a wonderful flesh producer. Take no other. All Druggists, 50c., 1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

GOLD LACK SEC.
(DEUTZ & GELDERMANN'S)
THE WINE OF ALL "BON VIVANTS."

And the finest batch of Champagne ever shipped to Canada. Same quality and cuvée as supplied to the markets of England, Germany and Russia.

THE FAVORITE CHAMPAGNE OF CONNOISSEURS THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Montreal
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MISCELLANEOUS.

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

SPECIAL LINE FOR THIS WEEK.

SEE SHOW WINDOWS.

75 SETS LADIES' WHITEWEAR Trimmed with Lace, at $1.25 per set.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' WHITEWEAR, both in English and American manufacture, at prices ranging from 60c. to $5.25 each.

A FULL LINE OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HEALTH VESTS from 50c each. Ladies' Silk Vests, 75c. and $1.25. Ladies' Fine Lisle Vests at $1.25.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF BLOUSES in Print, Muslin, Delaine and Silk, the latest and most fashionable styles, from 50c. up.

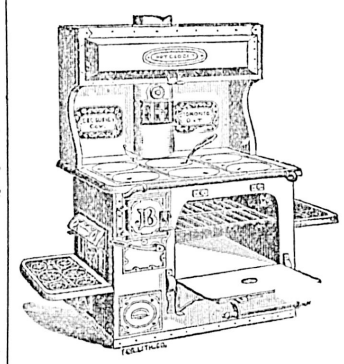
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
Is complete in all the latest styles for Spring. New goods received daily by express. Nice selection of Ladies' Sailor and Sun Hats. Choice line of Children's Hats at 50c.

DRESS-MAKING PARLORS
Now open under the management of MISS V. WADSWORTH.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, 88 YATES STREET.
ap5

WEILER BROS.'
LATEST ARRIVALS:
BABY CARRIAGES, Hood, Canopy and Parasol Tops.
GOAT SKIN RUGS In White, Grey and Black.
STAIR LINEN AND CRUMB CLOTHS.
TAPESTRY TABLE COVERS, Four sizes, in a variety of patterns.
SWISS LACE CURTAINS, From $5.50 to $18.00 per pair.
SILVERWARE, A nice lot of Novelties suitable for presentation.
WHEN HOUSE-CLEANING DO NOT FAIL TO GIVE US A CALL, IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE OR NOT.
SHOWROOMS—51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

GEO. POWELL & CO.
"CHEAPSIDE,"
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gurney's Celebrated Stoves and Ranges



John Bull Steel Range a Specialty.
—ALSO—
Importers and Dealers in Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and Hardware.
CHEAPSIDE. - 127 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

THE INDIAN
who put a single feather on the ground and laid down on it, to get the idea of what a feather bed feels like, had the idea but could not put it in force.
NOW
A. B. ERSKINE had the idea that the people want good Footwear at reasonable prices and
HAS
put that idea in force by getting the biggest and best stock of Boots and Shoes in Victoria. Come and see for yourself.
A. B. ERSKINE,
COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

CIGARS
Headquarters for Havana Goods.

LA VENCEDORA "EXCEPTIONALES,"	$250	PER M
LA VENCEDORA "ALBAS,"	$250	"
MORALES "IMPERIAL SUP'R,"	$240	"
OSCAR-Y-AMANDA "CABINETS,"	$220	"
VILLAR-Y-VILLAR "PERFECTOS"	$240	"
LA ESPANOLA, "EMBASSADORS."		
LA ESPANOLA, "EMPERATRICES."		
"PARTAGAS," HENRY CLAY, ETC., ETC.		

HUDSON'S BAY CO., VICTORIA.
ap24

THROW AWAY CRUTCHES
MARVELLOUS Rheumatic Liniment and Mixture
Rapid and Effective Cure.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17, 1893.
To Dean & Cryderman, druggists.
GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.
Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
No. 18 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.
If you have Rheumatism, Lame Back or any Severe Ache or Pain, The Marvelous Rheumatic Liniment will Cure it quickly.
DEAN & CRYDERMAN
DRUGGISTS
Sole Agents for B.C. 57 Yates st.
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FLY FISHING.
Lake Side Hotel
COWICHAN LAKE.
This Popular resort is unsurpassed on the Island for Tourists and Sportsmen.
mc28-6m PRICE & JAYNES, PROP'S.

THE JAPANESE ART MUSEUM
P. A. NICOLLE & CO'Y
96 Yates St., (Wilson Block), and at Hiogo, Japan.
Have the largest and best assorted stock of Japanese Wares, etc., in British Columbia, imported by each boat from their firm in Japan.
Visitors and the general public are invited to inspect the varied collections of Japanese Art. All articles are marked at low fixed prices in plain figures and strictly guaranteed as represented.
All orders sent by post will receive prompt and careful attention in packing and dispatch.
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EDUCATIONAL.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
HEAD MASTER: REV. C. ENSOR-SHARP, M. A.
This School will re-open in the School Room, Church Hill, on
Tuesday, Jan. 17, 1893
At 9.30 a.m.
Communications can be addressed to Post Office Box 188, Victoria, B.C. de25

NATIONAL Business College
67 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.
FOUR COMPLETE COURSES
DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOLS — COMMERCIAL, SHORTHAND, ENGLISH, PENMANSHIP — WRITE OR CALL FOR CIRCULARS
fe28

VICTORIA COLLEGE FOR GIRLS
BELCHER STREET, VICTORIA.
The College will re-open on April 10th, 1893.
For terms and all particulars apply to the Principal.
ap7 MISS KITTO.

Private Boarding & Day School for Girls
GLEN HOUSE, COR. VANCOUVER AND SCOREBY STS:
MISS INGLIS
Will re-open the above on
MONDAY, JAN. 16TH.
For terms, references, etc., apply at the School. au12

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. and J. Hopkinson, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm. 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria.
Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore and Waitt's Music store. ja10

DANCING.
MADAM EDWARDES MOORE, from London and Paris, with first class testimonials, is forming classes for the newest dances. Adult waltz class Monday and Thursday, at 8:30 p.m.; step and fancy dancing, Wednesday, at 3; children's class, Saturday, at 2:30 p.m.; private lessons given. Classes at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street. Private address, Rockabella. At home Tuesday afternoon. mc19-1m

MISS BODDINGTON and MISS GALLEY
Re-open their School at 234 Fort Street, on Thursday, April 6th. ap6 6t

GEO. W. FUGGLE
Pianoforte Maker and Tuner,
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS AND GUITARS REPAIRED
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess Ave., also at Jamieson's Bookstore, next Post Office. P. O Box 122. mc13 tf

IF YOU ARE
out of sorts, use Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti. It will sharpen your appetite, and put you right.
Sold in 5c. packages by all Druggists.
Beware of so-called Substitutes.
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Notice to Architects, Builders & Others
THE PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
Is prepared to lay
Gravel Roofing at $5 per Square.
All work guaranteed.
PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
J. E. CRANE, sec.-Treas. ap27

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR
Very choice sorts of DOUBLE TREE
Perfectly hardy and bound to give satisfaction. LILIES, FERN PEARTS, PLUM TREES. All in good condition for immediate planting.
T. S. FUTCHER
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria.
mc21

FOR SALE.
Chicken and Fruit Ranch, 10 acres, with house, barns, orchard, etc.
30 Acres Fine Land, cultivated; all farming implements included; a dead bargain.
House and Lot, 75x120, James Bay, $2,500.
Lot on North Chatham, 60x120, $500.
160 Acres, Langley, $15.00 per acre.
1000 Acres, Alberni, cheap.
MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE AND SMALL AMOUNTS.
HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
oc28 100 Government Street.

CHEAP TEETH.
For sixty days my improved Artificial Teeth for nearly one half the usual price. Dentistry in all its branches and latest method, at the New York Dental Parlor, 73½ Government street. USE GERMAN MAGIC PILE CURE. mc12-1m

THE CITY.

Postponed Indefinitely.

Owing to the absence of the Grand Chancellor from the city, the meeting for the formation of a new Pythian lodge in Victoria has been indefinitely postponed.

The Second Presentation.

The Victoria West amateurs again presented "Better than Gold" to a second full house last evening. The play ran as smoothly and gave as general satisfaction as on the previous evening.

Auction.

This morning at 11 o'clock, at their rooms, Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co. will dispose of an assemblage of office and store furniture and fixtures; also one or two horses and wagons.

Canada Western Bill.

The bill introduced in the Legislature on message from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor *re* the Canada Western railway company, extends the time limit of the charter and gives the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council power to alter the name of the company.

To Meet on Monday.

The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will be held on Monday next at 7:30 p.m., in the parlors on Broad street. The members of the auxiliary, and all ladies who may be at all interested in this branch of Christian work, are invited to be present.

A Verdict of Suicide.

Coroner Hasell and a jury composed of Messrs. J. P. Matthews (foreman), E. E. Johnson, W. J. Jeffree, Samuel Sea, James Maynard and H. A. Lilley yesterday heard the evidence in the case of Charles Williams, who cut his throat on Thursday night, and returned a verdict of suicide.

The Philharmonic Orchestra.

The music for the recent grand ball of the North and South Saanich Agricultural Society was furnished by Fisher's Philharmonic orchestra of this city, which has also been engaged for the annual picnic in July. The majority of the members of the orchestra belong to the V. A. C. band, but do not take the band's title when playing orchestra engagements.

A Handsome Picture.

A handsome picture of the new Provincial Government buildings, lithographed in the highest style of the art on heavy toned paper, has just been issued by the COLONIST. It is everywhere being received with warmest expressions of admiration and meeting with ready sale at the small price asked, only 50 cents per copy. The picture gives a fine idea of what the new buildings will look like when completed, and looks decidedly well in a frame.

Naturalized Citizens.

The following have been duly registered as naturalized citizens, and have had the much prized papers handed over to them: Josian Fletcher, Ny Shee Dor, Leon Yung, Stephen Norman, Sigurdur P. Schering, John Olivarr, Sigfrid Halmanson, Baldwin Goodman, Chris Johnson, Ingvar Olson, Sv. S. Fridbjornssen, Paul Thorsteinson, Goodman Samuelson, Helji Thorsfeinson, Hinry Eirikson, Frederick J. Haulsen, Mike Olson, Erik Anderson, Ole Simundsen and Jacob Jackson.

Patti Rosa.

Patti Rosa, the jolly little actress who made an excellent impression on the occasion of her visit here a year ago, returns next Friday night, and the announcement carries with it assurance of a most enjoyable performance. She has a new comedy this season; its title is "Miss Dixie," and in points of fun, music and general entertaining qualities it is said to surpass any play she has heretofore been seen in. That excellent young comedian, Joe Cawthorn, accompanies her, and her support is promised to be equal to the best.

"There Ain't Nothing to It."

Mr. Jacobson, who has been making a collection of curios for the World's Fair among the Bella Bellas and neighboring tribes, does not think Superintendent Hussey and his party will find much difficulty in suppressing the "rebellion." He shares the opinion of many others familiar with the Indian character, that the trouble would have blown over long ago had not Indian Agent Todd accepted the gossip of the Siwashes as evidence upon which to hold a formal investigation.

Heard in Chambers.

The following cases were heard in chambers yesterday before Mr. Justice Crease:

Shawnigan Lumber Co. vs. Ireland—For leave to sign final judgment. Granted. Messrs. Yates & Jay for plaintiff; defendant pleaded his own case.

Nicholles & Renouf vs. Woods et al—For leave to sign final judgment. Settled out of court. C. Dubois Mason for plaintiff and Eberts & Taylor for defendant.

Hip Wah vs. Wong Yah—To take account. Ordered to stand over pending result of trial. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard for plaintiff; C. E. Pooley, Q.C., for defendant.

To the Great Fair.

The officers of the Indian department in this city have recently forwarded to Chicago for exhibition an interesting collection, illustrating the industries and pursuits of the Indians of British Columbia. Of course there are a few "curios," but the bulk of the collection, which fills no fewer than twenty-one cases, boxes and packages, is made up of samples of grains grown by the Indians, blankets, etc., of their own manufacture—finished and in process—with native looms, implements of husbandry and fishing, the whaling gear, harpoons, lances, lines, etc., being particularly interesting. The collection is made up of contributions from almost every section of British Columbia but Queen Charlotte Islands and the Skeena River district. The former has been fully covered by Mr. James Deans; the heavy snows prevented the arrival of the specimens from the latter.

A Total Loss.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock yesterday morning fire completely destroyed the hair factory premises of Mr. John Richards, on Kelvin road, the loss on the two-story frame building and contents, inclusive of machinery, being upwards of $2,500, with no insurance. The proprietor, with two or three men, was working until a late hour on Thursday night, and before leaving for home drew the fire in the furnace, plunging the pieces of burning wood into a bucket of water and then leaving them on the floor. The supposition is that the fire in the heart of the wood was not reached by the water, and, eating its way out, communicated to the building. Kelvin road, which is to the west of the Saanich road, is outside of the city limits, and entirely removed from fire protection. Nothing could be done when the blaze was discovered to save the building or contents, and it was only with great difficulty that the spread of the fire to other houses was prevented. Mr. Richards had only just started in business, and feels his loss keenly.

Sales for Ladies.

Mr. Furnival, of the City Auction Mart, proposes having a sale specially for ladies every Wednesday. The first of these was held on this week and proved a success.

Federation Canning Co.

The first meeting of the provisional board of trustees of the Federation Canning Co., Ltd., will be held at the offices on Turner street, Rock Bay, on Saturday afternoon, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock.

"A Night on the Sound."

"A night on the Sound," a revised edition of the old, popular "Night on the Bristol," was presented by John F. Sheridan and his company at The Victoria last evening. The comedy abounds in musical and dance specialties and was well received.

A Bait to Catch the Sneak Thieves.

Ald. S. T. Styles has given notice that he will at the next meeting of the City Council move "That a reward of $100 be paid to any person giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who enter empty or other dwellings for the purpose of plunder and theft."

Guilty or Not Guilty.

Fred Day was brought up in the Police court yesterday morning charged with the larceny of harness valued at $20 from Wm. Randall. Mr. J. P. Walls appeared for the prisoner. He was committed for trial. He is also charged with the larceny of carriage wheels, which second charge will be investigated this morning.

The Board's New Burgee.

The British Columbia Board of Trade, besides having a handsome building of their own with a flagstaff, are also the envied possessors of a brand new banner, presented by President Hall, which floated from the flagstaff during the quarterly meeting yesterday. The flag is a long blue bordered one, the words "Board of Trade" standing out in red on a white background.

St. George's Society.

The annual meeting of the B. C. St. George's Society was held last evening, when the retiring officers were re-elected by acclamation. Consideration of the proposed alteration of the by-laws to embrace a benefit guild was referred to a special general meeting, to be held on April 28, inst. A committee was also appointed to arrange for the society's annual celebration of St. George's Day.

Held Their First Meeting.

Ald. McKillican, Munn and Baker and City Engineer Wilmot, the committee appointed by the City Council to look into the affairs of the Victoria & Sidney railway, held their first meeting yesterday, Ald. McKillican being chairman, and at once proceeded to business. The "royal commission on the Sidney railway," as one of the aldermen dignifies the committee, expect to report the result of their investigation to the Council within ten days.

The Iolanthe Club.

Season 1892-3 of the Iolanthe club was brought to a close last night, and was one of the most successful in the history of the organization. Three years ago it started with a few members, but they were enthusiastic and soon gathered around them other devotees of the dance. The second season was a decided improvement on the first, and the third, which was brought to a close last night, eclipsed its predecessors. Harmony hall never looked better. A choice array of evergreens and exotics, a gay profusion of bunting and a party as gay and as attractive in outward appearance as it was inwardly disposed to the pleasures of the dance, attended to make the event a memorable and happy one. The ball was opened with the grand march, in which some sixty couples were agreeably paired, and once the music of the Brown-Richardson orchestra was started, and the nimble feet of the dancers were put in motion, there was no cessation of enjoyment until the early hours of the morning. The officers of the club for the past session, and to whom so much credit is due for the success of the gathering, are: Messrs. J. R. Kerr, president; J. Hyland, vice-president; H. A. Howard, secretary-treasurer; C. L. Cullin, W. H. Wilkinson, R. Weaver, J. T. Lake and W. C. Lesley.

To get at the Facts.

Regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla, ask the people who take this medicine, or read the testimonials often published in this paper. They will certainly convince you that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses unequalled merit, and that HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

A full line of Handsome Baby Carriages at Weiler Bros', at prices to suit all.

Lacrosse boys. Selected sticks at Fox's just in. mc23-1m

A Popular Competition.

The Publishers of the Ladies' Home Magazine present its great Bible Competition to the Public of America. This competition closes on May 30th, 1893 (15 days thereafter being allowed for letters to reach us from distant points):

QUESTIONS.—1. Which is the longest book in the New Testament? 2. Which is the shortest? 3. The longest verse? 4. The shortest?

HOW TO COMPETE—Write the questions down, and follow with the answers. Mail this to us, together with $1 to pay for six months subscription to the Ladies' Home Magazine—one of the best Home Magazines of the day, and if your answers are correct you receive one of the following prizes: $1,000 in gold; $500 in gold; $250 in gold; $100 in gold; 2,500 Elegant Silver Tea Sets; Organs; Pianos, etc. Everything fair and square. Send postal card for list of former prize winners. Over $10,000 distributed during the past two years. Address: THE LADIES' HOME MAGAZINE, Peterborough, Canada. ja29 su-wk

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children when teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. ai d&w-1y

New Novels—The Children of the King by F. Marion Crawford; Lady Verner's Flight, by The Duchess; Blood Royal, by Grant Allen; The Chief Factor, by Gilbert Parker; Inscrutable, by Essie Stewart; Captain Davey's Honeymoon, by Hall Caine; The Secret Quest, by Geo. Manville Fen; Asenath of the Ford, by Rita; The Ivory Gate, by Walter Besant; A Moral Dilemma, by Annie Thompson. The above for sale by T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

Coughs and colds are the cause, if neglected, of consumption. It is therefore much better to cure them at once by the use of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the safe, sure and reliable remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs.

THE SONGHEES NATION.

Superintendent Vowell Explains to Them the Position of the Government.

The Tribe Has Increased and Not Diminished Since the Census Seven Years Ago.

Indian Agent Lomas, who came down from Duncan's on Thursday, spent the greater part of yesterday on the Songhees reserve, where he was busily employed in preparing a census of the Songhees population. This work he completed last evening, with the somewhat surprising result that the population, instead of having decreased since the last census in 1886, is found to have gained 33 souls. In 1886 there were 33 male and 48 female, adults and 53 children, making a total population of 134. At present the Songhees tribe is made up of 39 male and 44 female adults, with 84 children, the latter including a number of half bloods, whose Songhees mothers are residents upon the reservation.

Last evening there was a representative meeting of the tribe in the schoolhouse, Indian Agent Lomas having informed the Indians that Superintendent Vowell would meet them and have a talk with them in regard to their home which has been so frequently "resolved" away from them of late.

Chief Charlie Freezie and all the head men of the tribe were on hand to meet the Superintendent, and listened intently to his remarks. The communication which he recently received from Ottawa was read and with it the Indians could scarcely be other than satisfied. It simply assured them that no coercive measures would be employed to induce the Songhees to remove from their present homes.

The superintendent further explained that the report had reached him that the Indians were afraid to put in their crops, as they had been told that they would be summarily moved off the land. This report Mr. Vowell hastened to contradict, assuring the meeting that the department would see that no injustice should be done to any Indians, and that any reasonable relief would be afforded to the old and destitute.

Chief Charlie did not make a speech in reply, but a number of the big councillors did take advantage of the opportunity to speak their minds, George Cheetlam, Spotateth and Joe. Etienne among them. Each expressed pleasure at "the words of the chief," and promised to pay no more attention to the talk "outside." They were satisfied, and would now put in their crops without fear.

"I am an old Indian," concluded Spotateth, "and the words that have been spoken to us have given me gladness. Governor Douglas told us not to listen to what anyone said, that the Government would look after us and our rights. I am glad that the Indian department is continuing to do the same."

Before the meeting came to an end, Superintendent Vowell stated to the Indians that whenever the tribe felt that they could better their condition by selling their land and looking for another place near Victoria, he would convey their wishes to the Government.

A nice assortment of Goat Skin Rugs in white, grey and black, at Weiler Bros'.

Our second consignment of Crossley's Fine Carpets and Rugs has arrived. Call and inspect them, at Weiler Bros'.

Worth $1,000

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HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

All Run Down With **Dyspepsia**

The peculiar combination of stomach tonics and alterative remedies in Hood's Sarsaparilla cannot be equalled, and this superiority explains the wonderful success of

This Great Medicine

in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and similar troubles. Mr. T. A. Wheelock, a well known citizen of Burlington, Vt., writes:

"Six months ago I was badly run down and unable to attend to business. The principal trouble seemed to be due to indigestion and aggravated dyspepsia. I had no appetite,

Nothing Tasted Good

and what I did eat distressed me. Added to this was a nervous disturbance. Physicians that I employed failed to reach my case. I grew worse, lost flesh and almost hope. One day I ran across a testimonial for Hood's Sarsaparilla stating what it had done in what seemed to be a case similar to mine. I got a bottle and in three or four days saw that I felt better. Before I had finished the first bottle, was greatly improved. Rested better, felt better, and knew I was

Better All Over

I continued with the medicine, and have taken two bottles and now feel better than at any time for the past five years. Feel as hearty as when a boy. Have regained my flesh, have good appetite, can sleep well, and my nerves are in excellent condition. I would not value a thousand dollars for what it did for me." T. A. WHEELOCK, Burlington, Vt.

Fully Indorsed

"We have sold Mr. T. A. Wheelock several bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and have heard him tell in high terms of commendation what it has done for him. I know that he has recommended

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to many others here. Our customers generally speak well of it." F. L. TAFT & Co., Pharmacists, Burlington, Vt.

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NEW JACKETS

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CAPES

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

British Bark

MARY LOW

From Liverpool,

CAPT. ROBERTSON, Master.

THIS VESSEL IS DISCHARGING CARGO at Rithet's inner wharf. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof, respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
Consignees of Vessel.

Victoria, April 6, 1893. ap8

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Bark Mary Low, from Liverpool

NEITHER CAPT. ROBERTSON NOR THE undersigned will be responsible for the debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.,
Agents.

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LOST.

Liver and white spaniel; short tail. Any one finding same please leave at

VICTORIA TRANSFER STABLES.

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YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.

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will be held in Institute Hall, View Street, on MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 10th, at 8 o'clock. Admission 50c., children 25c., including refreshments. ap6 4t

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Entertainment and Musical Tableaux etc., etc., will be held at

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CAPITAL..... £600,000, $2,920,000.
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NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B. C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1893. ap5 W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

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Armour's Star Bacons and Hams

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PORTLAND ROLLER FLOUR

WHITEST, SWEETEST AND BEST.

Manufactured by Portland Flouring Mills Company.

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16 AND 18 DE BRESOLES ST. MONTREAL

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IN OLDEN DAYS

The Sphinx was regarded as the embodiment of wisdom.

TO-DAY

The man who buys all his GROCERIES, LIQUORS and GENERAL HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES at 39 and 41 Johnson Street is thus regarded. . . .

Everything Fresh, Pure and Wholesome.
No Old Stocks . . . . . .

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1200 MANTLES, CAPES, JACKETS.

Full stock to hand this day, Tuesday, April 4th. Over 1200 garments to choose from.

Imperial Waterproofs, Blouses, Etc.

All of the VERY NEWEST STYLES, and many are exclusive to ourselves, having arranged with several leading manufacturers for the entire sale in Victoria of their goods.

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THIS DAY

at 11 a.m. we will sell by

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at our Mart,

COR. BROAD STREET AND TROUNCE AVENUE

Horse, Express Wagon, Harness,
Large Safe by Taylor,
Large Safe by Goldie & McCullough,
Two Show Cases,
Office Desks,
Pair Gold Scales,
Three Counters,

Also an assemblage of

Household Furniture,

TERMS CASH.

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Wednesday, April 12

AT 2 P. M.

Including DARK BAY HORSE, 16½ hands, 7 years old; quiet to ride and drive and an excellent roadster.

BUGGY AND HARNESS in very good condition.

The whole of the above will be offered in one lot.

GRAY HORSE (aged); a very useful animal for all purposes.

CREAM PONY; ride or drive; Spring Cart, etc., etc.

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AUCTION

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12th, 1893, at 11 a.m.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain first mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, at W. R. Clarke's salesroom, Yates street, the following pieces or parcels of land situate in Victoria city and known as lots 31 and 32, fronting on Putnam street, with gables thereon, and lots 63, 64, 65, 66, on these lots a good dwelling house, 6 rooms and a brick bakery, fronting on Chambers and Alfred streets. All these lots are a part of subdivision 19 Victoria City. For tenders and conditions of sale apply to

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

Dated the 23rd day of March, A. D., 1893.
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JUNCTION TOWN SITE.

I am instructed to sell

BY PRIVATE SALE

Junction Town Site, situated nearly in the middle of Comox on the main road, where the churches and schools are situated. The smallest lots are 60x120, with 10-feet alleys in the rear of each lot. This property adjoins the projected line of the Comox Railway.

The lots will be sold to suit all parties, one or more, at $10 per lot, and corner lots $15 each. Terms cash. Deeds at purchaser's expense.

Apply to W. R. CLARKE.

Or ALAN DUMBLETON, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, Langley street. mc31

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ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me their EXPRESS and P.O. address.

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On Improved Property at moderate rates of interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS for a TERM OF YEARS.

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6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

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PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Third Session of the Sixth Parliament.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY.

FRIDAY, April 7, 1893

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. P. McF. Macleod.

CARIBOO STAGE ROBBERY.

MR. SMITH, from the select committee appointed to inquire into the Cariboo stage robbery of July, 1889, reported in favor of the claims of Wilson and Ingress for the reward.

The report was received and ordered to be printed, along with the evidence.

FRASER RIVER TRAFFIC BRIDGE.

HON. COL. BAKER moved the second reading of an amendment to the Fraser River Traffic Bridge bill as submitted by the message of the Lieut.-Governor.

In reply to Mr. Sword,

HON. MR. DAVIE said he took no responsibility in connection with this clause, which was introduced exactly as asked for by the Westminster people. He thought, however, it would meet all requirements.

MR. BROWN asked for some amendments.

HON. MR. DAVIE said that if the hon. gentleman would make his own amendments there would be no objections. For his own part he had no desire to interfere with the wishes of the municipality, but if Mr. Brown wanted to make some amendments he could go ahead.

The amendment was read a second time and ordered to be committed.

The House went into committee, Mr. Martin in the chair.

The amendment and schedule as amended were reported, and the report was adopted. Third reading of the bill at the next sitting of the House.

LILLOOET RIVER NAVIGATION.

MR. SWORD moved: "Whereas the navigation of the Lillooet River (Maple Ridge) is at present impeded by sand-bars, and these bars also occasion much damage to land above by causing the river to overflow its banks in freshets; And whereas the removal of these sand-bars would make this stream available as a navigable stream for a large settlement; Be it therefore resolved, That a respectful address be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor praying him to urge upon the Dominion Government the necessity of taking steps to remove these impediments to navigation and the free flow of the river."

The motion passed.

WANT OF CONFIDENCE.

MR. COTTON moved, seconded by Mr. Keith, "That the Government, by neglecting to bring down a Redistribution bill as promised at the opening of this session, has broken faith with this House and forfeited its confidence."

MR. COTTON said he had never experienced more reluctance and embarrassment than on this occasion, standing, as he felt, discredited, because the anticipations which he had formed of the probable action of the Government had been entirely disappointed—disappointed because he had formed great hopes of the rapid progress the Province would make under this redistribution, and dejected because he could see no sort of indication that before a long period had elapsed it would be possible to improve the condition of things which now existed under the present Government and entertain a better. Having paid his tribute to the motives by which members constituting all three parties were actuated, being desirous to further the best interests of the Province, he reverted to the state of things existing when the last Redistribution bill was brought down in 1889-90. Then the Government held that it was impossible to obtain sufficient information as to the distribution of population in the Province. But they brought in a measure in the year 1890, which they said would give an instalment of what would come afterwards. They said then that so soon as the census returns would justify them in doing so, a new redistribution bill would be brought down. Since that time they had excused themselves on the ground of incomplete figures. Meantime, the Government lost its Premier; but in the speech which His Honor delivered at the opening of this session, he said "the time has arrived when the altered conditions of the Province demand a change in the method of popular representation in the Legislative Assembly, and a measure of redistribution will therefore be submitted to you." Nothing could have been more satisfactory and assuring than that, and unless we impute to them duplicity—which he should be sorry to do—they had no hesitation nor doubt as to what they intended to do. But as the result of a hastily gathered assemblage of the supporters of the Government, the hon. Premier in a very few words announced that there would be no redistribution, and expediency induced him to say that the census returns were not accurate, and therefore the Government did not feel that it could bring down any legislative redistribution this season. He thought on such a line of action—or of inaction—the House was justified in passing a vote of condemnation and want of confidence in this Government. He felt very strongly on this point because he had, ever since this Government came into power, held out high hopes of what it would achieve. But now the members went back to their constituents to tell them that the Government said there was no occasion for a Redistribution bill. Either members must agree with the Government or must say that they did not. But they did not agree and he thought they could do nothing less than find expression to their views in the motion which he had the honor to move. The next general elections could not be postponed later than the early part of June, and Parliament would not get through its business until May or until the last of April. But the country has no opportunity of discussing the redistribution measure, the people can have no opportunity of communicating to their representatives in what way they would like this measure amended or changed. There would be no time for this, and members must appear before the constituencies without any time for consideration of such an important measure. The Government's explanation was that the difficulty which prevented them carrying out the pledges they made to the members was that "the result of the census shows incompleteness and inaccuracy." But why, he asked, did they not inform the House and omit the passage from the Speech? They said the census was incorrect; but on what basis did they propose to go to work? In keeping silence on this point they were laying themselves open to suspicions, and not unreasonable so. But granting all the Government claimed, should they not have proceeded to do something with regard to a change in the representation of the Province? The Government, which in 1890, had a far better excuse for postponing action pleaded in 1890 that the census would be taken in 1890, but while the late Premier admitted that the measure was "not wise, not statesmanlike," he felt constrained to do something to correct the disproportion which existed in the representation of the Province. The present Government did not require any more census returns to show that the present condition of things was not satisfactory. But they said, "Wait, and we can get a proper measure of Redistribution," and according to their views it would be 1895—even if they gave a complete measure of Redistribution—before the House would be put in proportion to the country. Mr. Cotton contrasted the serious manner with which the late Premier regarded Redistribution, and what he called the light way in which they dismissed the whole measure now. The Government must see that they must stand condemned by the people of the Province. They came down here, and without any pressure from the outside, told us they were going to give us justice, that they would bring in a measure which would adjust the inequalities which now exist. Now, during the present session, they have held out these promises, assuring us that they will bring on this measure. One hon. member of the Government brought it up on the Parliamentary Buildings bill, and said: "Vote for this, and everything will be satisfactory, and the feeling which is supposed to exist between the two sections of the country, will be done away with; there is no reason that the Government shall postpone the bringing down of a measure of redistribution, and you may rest assured that from this time forth the difficulties in the past will not continue." Now, sir, within ten days from those words—within ten days of that vote, what do we find? The Government coming down and saying: "We will not give any redistribution; things must go on as they are, not for any reason, but because we choose to take that course. At the present time the whole of these gentlemen constituting the Government do not represent much more than one-third of the total population of the Province; two-thirds of the Province, taken on the basis of the elections of 1890, are represented by hon. gentlemen of the Opposition and Independent party. If a redistribution measure was passed, by that means the Government would lose its power, lose its control, and must see others come into their places. Now, sir, it is easy to understand that hon. gentlemen dislike to be decapitated. While the present conditions exist they can be reasonably sure of coming back to this House; but probably they have some doubts that they could not be so successful if they had to appear before any populous constituency. But I ask this House if that is any reason for declining justice to the Province. Are we to hold, sir, that the keeping of a party in power is of more importance than that the whole people should feel that they are fairly and properly represented? I think not, sir, and honorable gentlemen on the other side cannot appeal successfully to the people or this House on any such ground. Now, sir, in the remarks last week of the hon. leader of the Government, one reason he tried to give for postponing any measure at this session was that it was not important because there would be no dissolution of the House. Well, sir, it seems to me he rather reversed the proper order of things. There may be no dissolution of the House. But the gentleman puts it that the Redistribution bill would do no good because it would be impossible to appeal to the country on the basis of redistribution this year. But, sir, if the Government felt that there ought to be an appeal to the country, then their duty is clear. They have stated that a redistribution measure is necessary in the Speech from the Throne, and the leader of the Government the other day was careful not to traverse that statement. Well, sir, having enunciated the necessity of such an action, he proceeded to say that there would be no use in carrying it into effect, because it would not be possible to change the representation, as the House could not be dissolved until next year. Well, it seems to me that the Government in that statement attempts to defy the country. That is a reason why a measure of redistribution should be brought down and be given at once to this country. The hon. Premier last week attempted to give the idea that some glaring mistake had been made in the census returns, but there were no items shown or figures shown, as should have been in such a case. Now, sir, it is easy to see that much of this statement is not true. The census figures, if they are found to be inaccurate in some of the small details, are certainly correct in the main; the general part is correct. Upon a careful examination and analysis of these figures they will not show the results which the Government claims to have discovered. When they are compared with figures brought from other sources they are shown to be practically correct. But we are not concerned now here, sir, whether the result of the figures as shown by the census would benefit the Mainland. This House represents the Province as a whole. The other side of the House has never asked the Government to bring down a measure which would increase the representation from one section of the country when the figures did not warrant it. What we ask is not an increased representation of the Mainland if the figures do not justify it, but a redistribution of the representation so as to put the representation upon a fair basis. I am given to understand that the measure which it was thought should be brought down was not really a redistribution measure, but a measure making additions to the present representation, and therefore the inconsistency which I have pointed out could not be avoided. But, sir, I can tell the Government that the city of Vancouver wants no more representation if other parts of the Province are not properly dealt with. We would not like to see such a measure if the result of it would be that it would bring a suspicion of a doubt of unfairness or of jealousy on the part of other constituencies. We are prepared, sir, to share equally with the others. We ask a fair measure of redistribution—that which the Government has promised to us; not only this Government, but the last Government, and which this Government has said should be carried out. We do not care whether it shows more for the Mainland or for the Island, or whether the representation in this House should be cut down or not; all we ask is that as nearly as can be done, and as fairly as it can be carried out, the inequalities of the present representation should be done away with, and a fair redistribution should be made, and each part of the Province be made to feel that in the Government—in the legislation of the Province—it has its fair share and full power and influence. These, sir, are fair and reasonable and right propositions. That is what, until the last few days, I hoped this Government would do. I have felt it my duty, sir, to support the Government in a great many measures, during this session. The Independents, I think, have given assurances of their faith through the basis on which they were elected that they would support the Government on all good measures. And I must say that when I read the Speech from the Throne I felt that the impression which I had formed, and which I had given expression to, was that the Government would be found ready to do its best for the country, to give justice to all parts of it, and felt that these anticipations of mine would be fulfilled. But, sir, what is the reason that the Government has not lived up to its pledges? I do not know. They did run well; what has hindered them I cannot tell. But, sir, it is quite clear, whether from weakness or from pressure within or without, a great change has come over their views and over their policy. And I feel, and I think I am supported in that feeling by all the hon. gentlemen on this side of the House, that we cannot go back to our constituencies without having shown to them that we have protested against this want of action by the Government—against this failure on the part of the Government to fulfil its pledges; and that if we have not the power, we have shown ourselves willing to try to force the Government to carry out its pledges to the Province. And therefore, with these views, as I said at the commencement of my remarks, I have acted with great reluctance and with much disappointment. Yet, as I say, holding these views, I have felt compelled to move the motion which has just been read. (Applause.)

HON. MR. DAVIE on rising to speak was greeted with applause. He said that whilst the Government had every reason to be thankful for the opportunity which had been afforded by the motion of justifying itself for its course in connection with the Redistribution bill, he did not think the hon. gentleman who brought the matter up would have much cause for the congratulation of his constituents in raising a question the discussion of which was calculated to place them in an unfavorable and unfair light. That gentleman had referred to neither facts nor statistics, but drew to a great extent on imagination for his arguments; for instance, for that statement that a meeting of the Government supporters was held last Thursday morning when a redistribution bill had been presented and accepted, and that subsequently a daylight-and-dark meeting was held at which the bill was withdrawn, and so on; that a nervous and timorous lot of Government supporters had receded from the position they had taken, and having lost all heart the bill was withdrawn. He thought that the nervous and timorous party on this subject was the hon. gentleman who had just taken his seat after the halting, sing-song refrain which had just been listened to. He appeared to be feeling his way, as though he had just emerged from some grave disappointment. He had claimed to have given the Government fair support. He (Mr. Davie) could give him no credit for it. He would not stop to inquire what had for a while induced the member for Vancouver to trim his sails and appear to support the Government—whether it was the hope of something or another that he now realizes he has not the slightest hope of obtaining or what not. (Laughter.) The reason why the Government had decided not to bring down the redistribution measure was not hard to find or difficult to explain. In formulating such a measure regard must be had to the population of the country. He did not suggest now or at any time that the Government could simply take the per capita condition of the different portions of the Province as the sole ground, for if this was to be the case, the cities would have nearly the whole of the representation in the House, which would be manifestly unfair. If this had been the plan years ago, when first the Legislature had been formed, the city of Victoria would have had half the members of the House. But population ought principally to decide the matter. Those who live in the cities were for the most part consumers, those who live in the rural districts were producers, and where there was one producer, there were ten to twenty consumers. The representation must, therefore, be on such a basis that due regard would be had to the proportion which the number of producers bore to the consumers. However, he did not propose at this time to go into these questions at any length, as they would come up more properly for discussion when such a measure itself was being considered, but given that population must be the important factor in settling the question, it was not difficult to show that the House was not now in possession of sufficient data in connection with this most important matter to permit it to proceed with a bill. In framing the Redistribution bill the Government was fully alive to the desirability of entirely removing or attempting to remove as far as it was possible, all that now remained of that sectional feeling. This was what had been referred to on previous occasions when the matter was before the House for discussion as the "balance of power." This was an expression which ought to be dropped entirely and which ought to be left out of the question in a redistribution bill. And it was with this object in view that the Government would proceed in framing its bill so that all sections of the country, independent of Island or Mainland, would have due and proper justice in the matter of representation. The hon. gentleman from Vancouver city in his remarks had said, and he, Mr. Davie, did not disagree with him, that the pledge was given by the Government of the day in 1890 that so soon as the census returns would justify them in doing so, a new redistribution bill would be brought down.

MR. COTTON—I did not say that.

HON. MR DAVIE replied that this was exactly what the hon. gentleman had said. He had taken down the remark of the hon. gentleman at the time. This was the pledge of a previous Government which was considered to be binding on the present one, and he would again repeat that as soon as the Government was in possession of the information necessary, a bill would be brought down; but any one who examined the census returns as they were published, would soon see that the figures were, as he had stated before, incomplete and inaccurate. What did the Dominion census returns show? The first bulletin showed the whole population of the Province at 97,612 persons, and the bulletin which gave that result said in a footnote that there was one return to come in from Cariboo which would probably increase this by 1,500. By this return the population of New Westminster was placed at 42,226, Cariboo 4,958, Vancouver district, which included all of Vancouver Island except the district and city of Victoria, 18,229, the city and district of Victoria 18,538, and Yale 13,661. These figures showed that on Vancouver Island there were 36,767, and on the Mainland 60,845. Now taking these figures as they were, there would not be much difficulty in framing a bill, and it would no doubt be a bill that would be very favorable to New Westminster district. But while, proceeding upon the facts then before the Government so far as inquired into, it was determined to bring down the measure, as the time approached for drawing the bill and placing information before the House, these census returns were more carefully examined and considered. When the measure had to be prepared and presented to the House all these matters had to be looked into very carefully. The House and the country were entitled to have accurate information, and it would have been folly to have brought a bill down without everything being accurate and complete. But examination showed that out of the gross population of 97,612—which further returns raised to 98,173—there were 35,202 Indians, thus reducing the population to 62,971, and these Indians were distributed 29,460 on the Mainland and 5,742 on the Island, thus leaving 31,946 whites on the Mainland and 31,025 on Vancouver Island. Now, after all, the only district which has been complaining is New Westminster, and their constant cry has been: Here are we with over 42,000 and two cities, and more population than all Vancouver Island together, and we have only six representatives. But now, what becomes of the 42,000 odd if the census returns are correct? If you take the Indians out, as given by the Dominion Indian census, it reduces the number—cities of Vancouver and New Westminster included—to about 28,000. But even this must be an exaggeration if the whole Mainland has only 31,946, for that would leave the remainder of the Mainland with only between 3,000 and 4,000 of a population. Evidently, therefore, there is something wrong about the census or else about the population of New Westminster district. Why, the returns of the census are not all in yet. It was only on 31st March that the following appeared in the Vancouver World:

THE CENSUS RETURNS

JUST PUBLISHED PLACE BRITISH COLUMBIA'S POPULATION AT 98,173.

OTTAWA, March 31.—(Special)—By the census volume, just issued, the total population of British Columbia in 1891 was 98,173. By origins, there were of Canadian born, including those born in the Province, by Dominion electoral districts, the following:

Cariboo	3,905
New Westminster	26,328
Vancouver	10,061
Victoria	7,737
Yale	8,820
Total Canadian born	56,851

Of foreign born, which includes all born outside of the Dominion, by Dominion electoral districts, the returns were:

Cariboo	11,614
New Westminster	15,898
Vancouver	8,168
Victoria	10,891
Yale	4,841
Total foreign born	41,322

"There must have been a serious blunder perpetrated in connection with Cariboo's native born population, but we give the figures as they reached us, as they appear to be necessary to make up a total population of 98,173.

The foreign or British-born by countries were:

From England and Wales	13,076
" Scotland	4,368
" Ireland	2,771
" other British possessions	944

The Chinese population by districts:

Cariboo	1,044
New Westminster	3,276
Vancouver	1,103
Victoria	2,080
Yale	1,377
Total Chinese	8,910

Of the native born population whites are not distinguished from Indians.

NOTE.—Readers of the above should bear in mind that the returns are for the Province as it is divided into electoral districts for the House of Commons, Victoria and Vancouver being on the Island, Cariboo, Yale and New Westminster on the Mainland. These returns somewhat enlarge the total population from that already published. The totals as given in this return place the population of the Island at 39,957, and that of the Mainland at 77,133, or a total of 117,083, which is manifestly a mistake. It is evident that the taking of the census in British Columbia was purely haphazard, though no doubt many of the enumerators aimed at absolute accuracy.—ED.

So here we find that the census returns are not yet before us, and all that the hon. member for Vancouver had claimed as a pledge on the part of the Government was that the Redistribution bill would be brought down as soon as complete returns were before us. As would be apparent to every one, so far from the Government, under what seemed on all hands to be shown to be an imperfect census, being justified in bring down the bill, the Government could do nothing else than withhold it until such times as the returns were complete. There were said to be 8,910 Chinese. These taken off the total would leave an actual white population of 53,000 to 54,000. With this data, which was that of the Dominion census so loudly talked of by hon. gentlemen opposite, it was very evident that no redistribution bill brought down based upon it would make any material change, so far as the representation of the Island and Mainland was concerned. What was the inevitable conclusion? Simply that there was something startingly wrong about these figures, or else that there was something startlingly wrong about the claims that were being put forward by the members who were representing Westminster constituencies. What was the Government then to do in a case of this kind? If you say that the census is wrong, as it must be, if the claims of New Westminster people are right, what have we to go upon? But if the census was right, then the change that would have to be made, would be a very small one indeed. As hon. members had heard to-day, the mover of this resolution claimed that the census was right. If this was the case, the Westminster district had all the more reason to be thankful that the measure had not been brought down. And the hon. gentleman would not be much thanked by his constituents. It had been argued, and in fact he had seen it in the papers published on the Mainland, that the Government would not be justified in leaving the Indians out of consideration. If this was the case, and the Indians should be taken into consideration, they should also be taken into consideration on the voters' list; they should be given a vote; and on the same principles should return representatives to this House. Cassiar would then have a good many members; and the Indians in New Westminster district would be entitled to representation, and would send members to the House. He thought it was very ill-advised on the part of the leader of the Independents, as the senior member from Vancouver called himself, to bring this matter before the House and to have brought out the figures which he claims are accurate, but on which it is not thought that justice could be done. It has only been with a view of giving an opportunity to get correct information on the matter that the bill had been withheld. How could it be for a moment suggested that in face of the fact that the returns were as incomplete as they were the Government was justified in going on? But even supposing that the Government was wrong in the first place, and that he denied, in promising in the first place to bring down a Redistribution bill, two wrongs did not make a right, and if the promise in the Speech from the Throne was an error—even then the Government would not be justified in perpetuating the error and bringing down what must now be seen might be a measure of injustice. No matter what was done, if a Redistribution bill was brought down that was unjust it would create dissatisfaction and discontent from Cariboo to Comox. Of these two things he was perfectly certain, one of them that the hon. gentleman, who moved the resolution had not any desire to see the Government as at present, constituted succeed, and another thing that his chief desire was not for his own district, but of harassing the Government. This gentleman, and others like him, had one thing to say in this House and another thing to say when they were at

(Continued on Page Eight.)

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co., Ltd.

FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL. (Used principally for Gas and Domestic purposes.)

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL. (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL. (House and Steam Coal.) Are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage o Gas, a high Illuminating power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coals in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Ex "CHILI" from London. Just Landed.

VERY FINE CLARET, (In Case and Bulk.)

CHOICE BURGUNDY,

CAMUSET CHAMPAGNE (The Finest Dry Wine in the Province.)

CHAMPAGNE VINEYARD CO. BRANDY 1867 AND 1831.

Brown's Celebrated 4 Crown Scotch Whiskey, Guinness' Stout, bottled by Foster. Bass' Ale, bottled by Foster.

White's Portland Cement, Fire Brick, Blacksmith's Coal, Coke, Pig Iron, Etc., Etc., Etc.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

dec4

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BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

THE GUIDING STAR TO HEALTH.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, SCROFULA, BAD BLOOD, FOUL HUMORS, BILIOUSNESS, RHEUMATISM, JAUNDICE,

and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the

STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS AND BLOOD.

B.B.B. acts on all the organs of the body to produce regular action, to strengthen, purify and tone, and to remove all impure accumulations of morbid matter from a Common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

Thousands of reliable men and women testify to its good effects in the above diseases. Is it not worth at least a trial in your case? Price $1 per bottle, 6 for $5, or less than 1c. a dose.

BBB BBB BBB

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy Insect Pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND

The Cheapest and Most Effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced.

FOR SALE BY

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

TELEPHONE 82. my29 P. O. Box 86.

You Cannot Get Blood From a Stone

Nor strength from a preparation void of strength-giving properties. That is why EXTRACTS OF BEEF fail completely to permanently benefit. They stimulate only, but contain no feeding qualities.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

is rich in Albuminoids, which is the strength-giving part of Beef.

FINE GROCERIES. . . .

Crosse & Blackwell's Goods.
Anchovy Paste and Essence.
Bloater Paste
Cambridge Sausages
Oxford Sausages
Canned Fish
Pickles and Sauces
Jams and Jellies

HUDSON'S BAY CO., ap24 VICTORIA.

OLD DR. GORDON'S PEARLS OF HEALTH.

NEVER fail in curing all suppressions and irregularities, and make women regular. Perfectly safe. Used monthly.

"They have relieved me of a world of trouble and anxiety."—Mrs. James Howard.

"I would not be without them. They never disappoint."—Mrs. C. A. Montpelier.

Price, $1. Six packages $5. Sent by mail securely sealed upon receipt of price. Write for circular. Address

D. E. CAMPBELL, Family Chemist, Sole Agent, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. Box 260. se7-d&w

TAKE NOTICE.

That I shall not be responsible for any debts unless contracted by my authority in writing. Dated this 20th day of March, A. D., 1893.

JACOB MUNDORF, of Bonaparte.

mc23-2m-d&w

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing and known as CALLBREATH, GRANT & COOK, doing business as General Merchants in Cassiar, B.C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or due by the late firm will be settled by John Cowan Callbreath and George W. Cook.

JOHN C. CALLBREATH.
JOHN GRANT.
GEORGE W. COOK,
By his Attorney in fact,
John C. Callbreath.

Witness for all—JOS FLETCHER.
Victoria, B.C., 11th March, 1893. mc12-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 7 and 8, Block I, Harbour Estate, Map.

Whereas the certificate of title of William Spring to the above mentioned hereditaments bearing date the 21st day of August, 1869, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 4th April, 1893. ap5-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Boucherat & Co., Plaintiffs; and Joseph R. A. Richards, Defendant.

BY virtue of an order bearing date of 30th March, 1893, made by Mr. Justice Drake, I hereby offer for sale by tender the following goods and chattels: All the furniture, bedding, carpets, stock of liquors, cigars and all other goods and chattels now in the Hotel Wilson, in the city of Nanaimo, as well as the business carried on by Joseph R. A. Richards at the Hotel Wilson. There is a lease of the Hotel Wilson which has three years to run from the 1st August 1893. All tenders shall be for cash and in writing signed by the party tendering, and shall be left at my office at the Court House, in the city of Nanaimo, on or before Monday, April 10th, 1893, at 6 p.m. For further particulars apply to

HERBERT STANTON, Receiver.

ap7

LOST—Strayed, from the corner of Yates street and Fernwood road, a brindle St. Bernard pup answering to the name of "Prince." Finder will oblige by returning same to Thomas Hooper, architect, corner of Yates and Fernwood. mc31

FOR SALE—Fine farm in Westham Island, British Columbia, 119 acres; over 50 acres under cultivation. Fine soil, good natural drainage. House barn and stable; orchard; sixteen miles from New Westminster. For further particulars apply to D. Robertson, Westham Island P. O., or to Chisholm & Logie, Barristers, Hamilton, Ontario. mc10-tfw

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

Deep Water at the Outer Wharf at all Stages of the Tide—The Venture Returns.

Difficulties Attending the Triangulation of the Straits—The Favorite Puebla.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's fine steamer City of Puebla, Capt. Debney, made her first trip this year to Victoria yesterday afternoon, having been laid up in San Francisco during the winter season. Although in good running condition, the Puebla did not make as quick a passage as formerly on account of the strong northerly gales she had to contend with. She is commanded by the same officers as last year. Her freight consignments for Victoria amounted to a little over 181 tons and her cabin passengers were as follows: C. St. Morris and wife, Miss Agnes Hawkins, J. R. Huff, W. G. Foster, Mrs. McKay, Mrs. Geo. Wise, L. W. Forms, Ed. Dick, Jas. S. Hill and wife, I. B. Fisher, W. L. Ogilby, D. D. Anderson, Mrs. Sharp, E. H. Francis, John Stevens and wife and D. McArthur. As has been previously stated the Puebla is the first boat to run on the five-day system.

AT THE OUTER WHARF.

Dredging at the new ocean dock is now completed and the largest ships afloat can come alongside at any stages of the tide. Work on the new docks is progressing well, and the very near future will see not only the Oriental but the Australian steamers docking. Rumor has it that the Dominion Government is looking after the dredge, whose labors are now temporarily ended, with a view to purchase, as both money and time could thereby be saved.

THE VENTURE IN PORT.

The schooner Venture, Capt. McDonald, has returned to port, having lost her foremast in a heavy gale on the first of the month. She is home for repairs and brings but one seal skin as the result of her cruise up to date. She had opportunity to lower her boats but once during the entire cruise, the bad weather having affected her like all other sealers on the coast. As soon as the repairs are completed the vessel will again go to sea.

TRIANGULATION OF THE STRAITS.

The United States steamer Gedney is fitting out at San Francisco to resume the triangulation of the Straits of San Juan de Fuca, with the ultimate object of charting a much-needed correct hydrographic survey. It is doubtful if the triangulation will be completed this season, as the work can only be prosecuted by the heliograph process, and smoke and fog prevail to such an extent as to seriously interfere with flashing rays of the sun across the Straits.

MARINE NOTES.

The Islander's cargo last evening consisted of six carloads of iron, a car of hides, two cars of miscellaneous goods and 5,000 boxes of dried fish.

The bark Wythop, which arrived in Royal Roads from San Francisco the other day, has been towed to Vancouver by the tug Active.

The American tug Tacoma towed the ship Hindostan loaded with lumber from Moodyville to sea, Thursday evening.

The old schooner Kate is being fitted up for her annual sealing cruise in command of Captain Foster.

The little steamer Spinster left for Barclay Sound last evening with a party of prospectors.

Steamer Phantom returned from Otter Point last evening, where she has taken supplies.

There are now seven vessels loading lumber at the Moodyville and Hastings saw mills.

Steamer Alert started for Barclay Sound last evening with a surveyor's party on board.

The North Pacific brought over 296 sheep from the Sound for J. Parker last evening.

ENTERED.

Str. Islander.....from Vancouver.
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Puebla ..... " San Francisco.
" Active..... " Vancouver.
" Alert..... " Nanaimo.

CLEARED.

Str. Islander..... for Vancouver.
" North Pacific..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Puebla ..... " " "
" Alert..... " Barclay Sound.
" Spinster..... " " "
" Active..... " Vancouver.

BRITISH PACIFIC RAILWAY.

To the Editor:—The request of the capitalists who have taken hold of the British Pacific, for a guarantee of a portion of the interest on the money to be invested, seems to me to be in the nature of a request—as suggested by British Columbian—for a guarantee of good faith on the part of the Province and nothing more. British Columbia, speaking through the Legislature, has said to the capitalists of the world that 20,000 acres of the land available as a subsidy for the railway is security for a bonded indebtedness of $20,000. This is the only meaning that can be put upon a legislative offer to give a railway company 20,000 acres per mile and authority to issue bonds against it at the rate of $1 per acre. No one who knows anything about the timber, farm and mineral lands of the Pacific Northwest will for a moment say that this legislative assurance is not well founded. The lands available for subsidy are worth very much more than one dollar per acre on an average. I believe that they could be put in the market the moment a railway to intersect them is fairly under way and be sold for much more money. Similar lands in the States would be picked up at a dollar an acre the instant they were offered. The Anglo-American Financial Company—as I am informed—does not propose to issue bonds to the full value of the lands as represented by the Legislature, neither does it propose to issue bonds against the railway when constructed at the rate of $20,000 per mile as the charter authorizes. An issue of $15,000 of bonds per mile of road only is intended. That is to say, against a railway 1,000 miles long and a land domain of 20,000,000 acres there will be a charge of $15,000,000 only. Can any one hesitate about saying that the security is large beyond all reasonable proportion to the indebtedness, or that any strong company of financiers would let such a property out of their hands for the sake of the comparatively small guarantee which the Province is asked to give? It must be remembered that the Province will assume no obligation except as the road is built; and when it is built, if the company should make default in its interest upon the guaranteed bonds, the Province would take possession of the road and land grant, subject, of course, to the outstanding bonds. Will any one having any knowledge of the history of railways in America deny that if the company should make default in the payment of the guaranteed interest the Province would find no difficulty in realizing enough out of the property to protect itself? I shall not discuss this proposition, for it is self-evident that the guarantee asked for does not mean under any circumstances a loss to the Province.

One effect of the construction of the proposed railway will be an appreciation in the value of the Crown lands. The company cannot develop its property without at the same time rendering the domain remaining in the Crown of more value. This of itself would be worth some risk on the part of the Province, if there was any risk in such a transaction as is proposed. Another effect would be a great expansion in our imports and a corresponding strengthening of our claims upon the Federal Government for a more equitable appointment of the revenue. There would also be a large increase in the regular subsidy after the next census, because there can be no doubt whatever that the population of the Province will be very greatly added to during the next eight years if this railway goes on.

I am writing under the supposition that what I have learned about British Columbia during all the years I have been on the alert to acquire information as to its capabilities is correct. We are now a Province with a few cities and towns in which are gathered fully half the population. We have an enormous area of the best of farming land unutilized. We have the most valuable forests in the world, untouched by the axe. We have immense wealth in minerals. Our geographical position commands the North Pacific. From our shores there is certain to flow out an enormous trade to Asia. The people of Vancouver who to-day are so bitter in their hostility to this scheme will before a decade is over wonder at their own shortsightedness, for the rate at which the importance of this Province will appreciate when once capital has become interested in its development will, I venture to say, be among the wonders of the closing decade of the century. The Canadian Pacific is a valuable enterprise to Canada and British Columbia, but its attention has been devoted principally to the development of through traffic, so far as this Province is concerned, and its available resources are expended in extending its influence in controlling transportation in the East. If it had spent a part only of the millions employed in obtaining Eastern connections in opening the vast resources of this Province, we would have had to-day a population of half a million. I am not finding fault with the Canadian Pacific. It has its own policy and I do not say that it is not a wise policy. All I maintain is that if it is possible for us to interest a powerful financial organization in a project which essentially means the development of this Province, we would be lacking in common prudence if we failed to do so.

VICTORIAN.

THE GRIM REAPER

Again Defeated!

A Resident of Heckston, Ont., Says: "My Friends Thought I Was Going to Die!"

A Wonderful Victory!

HOPE! HOPE! HOPE!

Cheer Up, Cast Down and Despairing Soul!

Disease and death again meet with defeat. The victory is a grand and decisive one, and will ever be remembered by the saved one. Mr. John Irvine, of Heckston, Ont., a well-known and esteemed farmer, sends the following account of his rescue from the grave. He says he cannot say sufficient in favor of Paine's Celery Compound, the wonderful life-restorer. Mr. Irvine writes as follows:—

JOHN IRVINE.

"Three years ago I had a severe attack of 'La Grippe,' which left me in a weak and very debilitated condition. The next autumn I had another attack which left me in a very bad state. My health was nearly wrecked, I had no strength, and felt tired all the time. I was so weak that my legs would not support my body, and I have often fallen to the ground when trying to attend to my work both in the field and in my barn; and would be compelled to lie wherever I had fallen until I could muster sufficient strength to rise.

"My appetite was all gone; and when I would try to eat, in order to gain strength, I would suffer untold misery for hours. It seemed to me that I was slowly starving to death.

"I tried different doctors, but did not derive any benefit from their treatment. My friends thought I was going to die, and I verily believe I would have died had I not tried your Paine's Celery Compound. I bought six bottles, and can conscientiously say, I received more benefit from it than I ever dreamed of; it was worth more to me than one hundred dollars worth of medicines from the doctors. I began to improve in health before I had finished the first bottle; and to-day I am completely restored to health. I can do as good a day's work as I ever could, and can now eat any kind of food without experiencing trouble afterwards; and can sleep as well as when I was a boy.

"I have not had to use any of the Compound for months, which convinces me that the cure is permanent. I feel it my duty to let every sufferer know what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me, and it seems impossible for me to say all I should in its favor. My wife, who has been a sufferer for years with chronic rheumatism, was greatly benefited by the use of your medicine. I send you this testimony unsolicited."

Yours respectfully,
JOHN IRVINE.

TENDERS.

TO :: QUARRY :: OWNERS.

The undersigned will be glad to receive sample of Sandstone, dressed and undressed, from quarry owners, with particulars of amount procurable, price per cubic foot, etc.

F. M. RATTENBURY,
Architect for the Government Buildings, Victoria, B.C.

Vancouver News-Advertiser and World and Nanaimo Free Press copy. ap2-1w

DISTRICT OF BURNABY.

$25,000 of Debenture Bonds for Sale.

TENDERS are invited for Debenture Bonds for $25,000 to be issued by the Corporation of the District of Burnaby on 1st June next, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum and payable 50 years after date.

This loan forms the first and only charge against the District, which according to the Assessment Roll now made up is valued at $1,500,669. This valuation does not include about 1800 acres of first class land which is still held by the Government.

The District lies between the Cities of New Westminster and Vancouver, and as regards a considerable area is practically Suburban. It is traversed by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the Inter-urban Electric Tramway; and the Northern Pacific Railway Company is about to construct a line through it.

The object of the loan is to enable the Council to build new roads through the district, and these will greatly enhance the value of the property.

Further particulars may be had on application to Messrs. Philip Kerr & Co., 46 Lorne street, New Westminster, and sealed tenders must be lodged with the Chairman of the Finance Committee, care of Councillor William Johnston, Box 205, New Westminster, on or before the 1st day of May, 1893.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any offer.

46 Lorne Street, New Westminster, 30th March, 1893. ad-1 1m

Separate sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed: "Tender for Quarter-time Officer's Residence, Williams Head," and "Tender for Hospital, Williams Head," will be received until noon of Tuesday, the 18th day of April next, for building a Hospital and a Residence at Williams Head, British Columbia, in accordance with drawings and specifications to be seen at this office after the 8th instant.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works equal to five per cent. of amount of tender, must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract, or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. C. GAMBLE,
Resident Engineer.

Department of Public Works, Room 20, Five Sisters Block, Victoria, B. C.
April 6, 1893. ap7-4t

NOTICE is hereby given that tenders for the construction and equipment of the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, complete in all respects, will be received by the Victoria and Sidney Railway Company, up to noon of April 17th, 1893, at the office of the Company, Government street, Victoria, B. C. Plans, specifications, conditions of tender, and all details to be had at the Company's office.

The Company reserve the right to reject any or all tenders.

P. C. Dunlevy, President. Robert Irving, Secretary. Victoria and Sidney Railway Company. mc 6

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa,
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

FOR SALE.

The Property of the Late James F. Ford (Deceased).

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned up to June 1st, 1893, for the following property, viz: Seven thousand five hundred paid up shares in the South Fork Mining Claim, situated within three miles of the Town of Quesnelle Forks, Cariboo District.

Parties may tender for the above en bloc, or it will be sold in six lots of one thousand shares each and one of fifteen hundred shares. No tender for less than one thousand shares nor more than seven thousand five hundred will be received.

We also offer for sale a fine five mule team, consisting of five work mules, two fully equipped freight wagons with double action brakes, doubletrees, lead bars, chains, etc., also two sets harness. A first-class outfit for anyone who wishes to go training on the Cariboo Road. Terms cash

JOHN MURPHY, } Executors
FRED. ROSE, } of
JAMES BAIN, } Ford Estate.

P.O. Address, 150-Mile House, Cariboo Road, B.C. mc-1

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A successful Medicine used over 30 years in thousands of cases. Cures all diseases caused by abuse, indiscretion or overexertion. Six packages GUARANTEED TO CURE when all others fail. Ask your Druggist for the Great English Prescription, take no substitute. One package $1. Six $5, by mail. Write for Pamphlet. Address EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale and mailed by LANGLEY & CO Victoria, B. C. fly17-d&w-eod

Steamer for Sale.

The Steamer Lottie and three Scows, all in first-class order. For particulars apply to
ALEX. J. MOUAT,
ap4-2m Transfer Co'y, Broughton Street.

Chimney Sweeping and Carpet Beating

Grates set and defective flues fixed, etc. A work guaranteed. Address
WM. NEAL,
au21 City Bill Poster, 32 Quadra St.

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of money to provide for the construction of certain main surface drains in the city of Victoria as follows:

Work Estate,

View street and branches,

Spring Ridge and Fernwood road,

Cook street and branches,

Michigan and Superior streets,

Oswego street,

Menzies street,

North and South Pandora streets,

Victoria West,

And other necessary drains not specified.

AND WHEREAS the estimated cost of such works is $125,000.

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city the sum of $125,000.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $8,125 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said debt and interest hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the corporation of the city of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1892, was $18,749,125.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of four fifths of one mill in the dollar for the payment of the interest and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said new debt according to the Municipal Act, 1892.

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $125,000 00 currency, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums as may be required, not exceeding however, the sum of $125,000 00 in currency, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1 000, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall be made payable in fifty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation, in the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature of the Mayor and of the Clerk of the Corporation respectively to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac simile.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 6. In case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the provisions of this by-law and any of the provisions of the Local Improvement By-law, 1892, as amended by By-law No. 178, entitled, "A By-law to amend the Local Improvement By-law, 1892," the provisions of this by-law shal prevail and override any of the provisions of such Local Improvement By-law to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy, but this by-law shall not be deemed to in any wise repeal, alter or amend such Local Improvement By-law and amendment, except in so far as this by-law is concerned, and then so far only as is necessary to give full force and effect to this by-law.

Sec. 7. This by-law shall before the passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in a manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, or any amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1893.

Sec. 8. This by-law may be cited as "The Surface Drains By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of March, 1893.

Re-considered, adopted and finally passed the Council on the day of , 1893.

TAKE NOTICE

That the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Electors will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for the Central Ward; at the City Hall, Pandora street, for the North Ward, and at a building situated on the east side of Government street, between Broughton and Courtney streets, and known as No. 27, for the South Ward, in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of April instant, and that the poll will be kept open between the hours of eight o'clock a.m. and four p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 1st, 1893. ap4

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., March 30, 1893. ap2

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co'y,

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

THE DAILY COLONIST

Contains full Foreign, Canadian and Provincial News, and is unquestionably THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF BRITISH COLUMBIA. It has a large City and Provincial Circulation, and is the BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE PROVINCE. Those who desire to read full particulars of the events of the day the world over read THE COLONIST. Advertisers who desire a benefit from their expenditure for advertising use THE COLONIST.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST

Contains all the important news published in the Daily Edition, and is one of the best evidences of the Progress and Prosperity of the City and Province to send abroad. It is an Excellent Advertising Medium for general advertisements. Subscription price, to all parts of Canada and the United States, $2.00 per year.

Lithographing and Engraving,

Book and Job Printing,

Salmon and Fruit Label Printing

In every style of the art are executed on THE COLONIST Presses at fair prices. The best of material, the most capable workmen and careful attention to work has earned for the product of THE COLONIST Presses a provincial reputation. Prices furnished for all work on application to the Superintendent, Mr. Macabe.

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO

CHINA & JAPAN

TABLE OF SAILING:
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

Steamships.	Arrive Victoria About	Leave Victoria
Empress of China ..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	April 3, "
Empress of Japan ..	April 12, "	April 24, "
Empress of China...	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India...	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan ..	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China...	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India...	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan ..	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China ..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India...	Sept. 27, "	Oct. 16, "
Empress of Japan ..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China ..	Nov 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails requires a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent,
Corner Fort and Government streets.
GEO. McL. BROWN
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B.C. fe23

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY SEVEN days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.

UMATILLA - - - April 9

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
mch26 Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER,
Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

The Steamer JOAN will sail as follows, calling at Way Ports as Freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 5 a. m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island, every alternate Thursday, 7 a.m., (returning same day.)
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or state rooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street. fe4

C.P. Navigation Co., Limited.

TIME TABLE NO. 19,
Takes effect March 25, 1893.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Union Steamship Co., B.C., Ltd.

Head Office and Wharf, Vancouver, B.C.

Vancouver and Nanaimo—SS. Cutch leaves C.P.R. wharf daily at 1 p.m., returning from Nanaimo at 7 a.m. Cargo at Company's wharf until noon.

Vancouver and Comox—SS. Comox leaves Company's wharf every Monday at 8 a.m. for Comox direct, returning on Tuesday.

Vancouver and Northern Logging Camps and Settlements—SS. Comox leaves Company's wharf every Wednesday at 11 a.m. for Gibson's Landing, Sechelt, Welcome Pass, Lund, Cortez and Read Island, returning the same route; and to Port Neville and way ports every alternate week.

☞Steamers and Scows always available for Excursion, Towing and Freighting Business. Ample storing accommodation on Company's wharf. Particulars on application to office.

WM. WEBSTER, Manager,
Telephone 94. feb14 P. O. Box 217

NOTICE.

Parties indebted to the estate of A. Lewis & Co. are cautioned not to pay their account to any but E. Langley who is authorized to collect the bills due to the estate.

Dated 28th March, 1893
S. PERRY MILLS,
mc29-1mo Solicitor for Trustees.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name of Reid & Johnston, of Quesnelle Mouth, district of Cariboo, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm are to be paid to James Reid, who will assume all liabilities of the same.

JAMES REID,
W. A. JOHNSTON.
Witness, GEO. B. CLARKE. ja20-1m-d&w

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.

The Colonist.

SATURDAY APRIL 8, 1893.

ASTRONOMICAL.

VICTORIA, April 8, 1893.

Sun rises.....5.27 a.m. | Sun sets.....6.38 p.m.

Moon rises 2.20 a.m., 9th.

Day of the year, 98th.

N.B.—The above calculations are based on mean solar time, which is 13m. 32s. *slower* than Victoria standard time.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, April 7, 1893.

Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	40°	Mean 47°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	41°		5 a.m.—12 S. W.
9 a. m.,	44°	Highest 49°	1 p.m.—16 E.
1 p. m.,	48°		9 p.m.—Calm.
5 p. m.,	48°	Lowest 40°	
9 p. m.,	47°		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—W E McDonald J Fletcher, R M Jeffrey, C G Major, Miss Ellison, T Nyano, Senator Reid, J Poirre, Hy Nathan, H Doyle, P Wallter J L Leigh, J B Powle s, T Hooper, Consul Kitto, Miss Goatly, A B Moncur, Col E G Prior, M P, Senator Thos R McInnes, Mrs Crosby, Thomas Mitchell, S Clay, W Clark, Mrs R E Gosnell, C R King, H Harrison, Miss Caldwell Senator McDonald, R Helstrop, Mrs L Carrick, H S F Jones, Alex Hoy, W A Dyer.

Per Str NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—J Smith, H A Walker, W Grant, M Chapman, J Q Barlow, T Fowler, Mrs Carrothers, Miss Downs, E W Smith and wife, John F Sheridan, Chas Marcomhon, Jas Joulof, Jas Robinson, W F Ballinger, R Wheeler, J G Woods, S Lewis, W B Moore, H Clark, J A Blasdell, M O Blasdell, S E Anderson, W Matheson, A E Matheson, A McNaughton, A Jones, D O Bleen, S Marion, R Pos , R Dunn, A L Jenkins, N E Reinhart, Gustave Yume and wife, R Crawford, C Brown, W O Wheeler, W Forrester, F Holmes, J Sinclair, F Whiteford May Levine, A Barlow and wife, R Jamieson, L Sheffield and wife, M L Rugg, Miss Van Volkenburg, Gus Magnu, G W Baird and wife, Mrs F M Hopkins, C Rouse, R Hartz, E Clinton, B Siegrist, H Wright, S Martin.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—R Ward, Albion Iron Works, W J Pendray, Quintard & P, Wm Hammond, Bradstreet & Co, J T Johnston, H Young & Co, S H E Co, C Strouss, Langley & Co, E G Prior, Lenz & Leiser G o Monroe, Mrs P Wilson, J Wrigglesworth, J B Johnson G M Black, S Schoen, A E Westcott, H Saunders, B Williams, W H Grove, D Spencer, H Waller, Bk of Montreal, J Tucker, Can Pac Nav Co, F Norris, H Bay Co, J Mathews, J McKenzie, Kerr & Begg, J Piercy, Sidney Shore, J W Mellor, W Bickford, P E Irving, J Sommers, Times Co, T N Hibben, R T Williams, Wm Wilby, McLachlan, Wilson Bros, E C Baker, H Bornstein, Johns Bros, J McDonald, J H Franck, J Fannin, Ramsay Bros, S Leiser, Thorpe & Co, Weiler Bros, Watson & Geiger, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—J Sears, E G Prior & Co, Capt J H Bunser, J Parker, T Roarke, Sehl H E F Co Carson & Shore, A St G Hammersley, A Lipchock, M W Waitt & Co, J McMullen.

Per ss. CITY OF PUEBLA, from San Francisco—A McGregor & Sons, ames Holden Co, Alice & Ault, A E Rand, B C Cattle Co, Bank of BC, Boucherat & Co, C Anderson, Chas R Muriset, Erskine, Wall & Co, Fairall & Co, Fell & Co, Gum Fook Yuen, Henry Croft, H Saunders, H Bay Co, John Barnsley & Co, J P Mathews & Co, Johns Bros, J & A Clearihue & Co, Kurtz & Co, Langley & Co, McLennan & McFeely, Mathews, Richards & T, Nicholles & Renouf, P McQuade, R H Jameson, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, See Hop, S Leiser, Turner, Beeton & Co, T Earl, F W Fletcher, Vari & Brooks, W Wilson, Wing Chong, W J Pendray, Wells, Fargo & Co, D H Ross & Co.

DIED.

CHANTRELL—On the 7th inst., at Blaine, Washington, of consumption, in her 32nd year, Eva, the beloved wife of Henry D. Chantrell.

Last Words of a Great Man.

Pericles, the noted Greek, just before expiring said: "I never caused any one citizen of Athens to mourn on my account." This was a noble and grand statement for a great man to make before leaving the world.

In our days we have with us an agent—a power—which ever lives and works for the benefit of the old and young; and, about which it can truly be said: "It has never caused any man, woman or child to mourn on account of its failure to cure." We refer specially to Harvard Bronchial Syrup, the great established remedy for sore throat, coughs, colds, hoarseness and bronchial affections. The work already accomplished in Canada by this King of remedies is proof enough of its vast superiority over all competing cough mixtures. It would require a newspaper column to fully describe its magnificent character as an eradicator of colds. Its action is instant, its effect wonderful and pleasing, and its purity of composition is beyond question.

THE SPICE OF LIFE.

Jamet's Kid Gloves

At The White House, and every pair guaranteed. 4 Buttons $1.00. 7 Hooks $1.25.

None genuine unless stamped with the makers' initials, J. F. & P.

mc16-1mo HENRY YOUNG & Co.

Through passage to or from Europe via any of the Atlantic lines can be most cheaply arranged at C. P. R. Office, corner Fort and Government streets.

If you have cold take Cubb's Cough Cure—save ourself from La Grippe. Sold in Victoria by the following respectable druggists Geo. Morison, Thomas Shotbolt, Dean & Cryderman.

New Goods for Easter.

An endless variety of black and tan boots and shoes in ladies, gents, boys, misses and children's, have just arrived and are on view at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street.

The Latest,

A great assortment of overgaiters in ladies and gents' have arrived at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street.

Cutlery,

Razors, knives, scissors, table cutlery and shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Government St.

A special line of tapestry carpets 1½ yards wide in three qualities are a new feature at, Weiler Bros.

Just Arrived.

Ladies' white and brown canvas Oxford tie shoes at Geo. H. Maynard's, 85 Douglas street.

Trout

fishing opens on the 15th. Get your tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. A fine variety to select from.

Try Victoria Lager.

John Bull ranges at Cheapside.

Fine cutlery at McLennan & McFeely's.

Cheap dinner sets at Cheapside.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Continued from Page Six.

home. Here they said "Cut off the pocket boroughs," as they call them, but which are really the producing districts of the Province, without which the cities could not exist. The member for Vancouver had, however, advocated retaining the representation of Alberni, the Islands and Cariboo. But when they got over at home did they say anything of the kind? No. They were then loud in their complaints of any of these places having representation at all. That is what they said to their constituents, and yet, just the other day they had been heard upon the floor of the House saying that Alberni and the Islands were important places, and their representation should not be disturbed, and as for old Cariboo she should be given yet another chance. He did not think the hon. mover of the resolution allowed himself to be reported in the organ he controlled when he made remarks of that kind in the House. He thought not. If he would do this, he would find it hard to explain his statements and to reconcile the different views that they held or were supposed to hold upon the subject. Hon. gentlemen should be consistent. This was one of those measures which was foreshadowed in the Speech from the Throne, and the fact that it was withdrawn was not by any means an extraordinary or unusual occurrence. In the Dominion House one year during the regime of Sir John Macdonald, nearly all the important measures foreshadowed in the Speech had been withdrawn, and during the session of the Dominion House which had just closed, only four of the six measures promised had been passed, the others, the Civil Service Act and the Franchise Act, having been withdrawn. He read from an editorial in the Toronto Mail, which made some small complaint about the Franchise Act being withheld on the ground that by-elections would have to be governed by the old lists which had been in force for some three years; and yet there was no motion of censure moved by the Opposition in the Dominion Parliament because this measure was withheld; and was the withdrawal of the Redistribution bill in British Columbia for only nine or ten months any real grievance? The hon. gentleman had said that it would be inconvenient to have the elections in June (and they must be held in June) when the House would not probably dissolve until the end of May; it was wonderful how hon. members could expand and contract things to suit their own convenience. It had been stated that there would be no time to find out what the people thought of the bill and accustom themselves to it. But there need be no such inconvenience. There would no doubt be an early session, and the bill be introduced early in the session. There was no occasion to hold the election in June, and it would be convenient to hold it later. The hon. mover of the resolution had again favored the House with the same old story about the Government running the country against the wishes of the people, representing a minority of the votes.

MR COTTON—Yes; one-third of the votes.

HON. MR. DAVIE continued that like other calculations of the hon. gentleman, this was out. He (Mr. Davie) had made a statement the other day in the House, a statement which could be borne out by the facts and the documents would prove it, that at the last general election there were something like 19,000 votes cast.

MR. SEMLIN—Not that many.

HON. MR. DAVIE read from a parliamentary blue book showing the number of votes that were cast. (Opposition laughter.) He had never said that there were 19,000 voters in the Province. He was talking about votes, and he said that the Government members had about 10,000 to about 9,000 polled by the Opposition and Independents combined. The hon. leader of the Independents had completely let his imagination run away with him; but what he (Mr. Davie) had said was based on facts, which could be proved at any time any hon. member wanted to look the thing up. Concluding, he said he had clearly shown that the Government could not at the present time bring in the measure that would do justice to all sections; and, moreover, there was no necessity at the present time for bringing it down. Next year the Government would be in possession of complete returns upon which to base the measure, and he would say that they would carry out the pledge made by a previous Government that, as soon as proper returns were in their possession, just so soon would a bill be brought down. (Applause.)

MR. HORNE said: I do not agree with this motion. I think the Government is considering the best interests of the country by putting this redistribution measure off to the next session of this House, in order to ascertain the true state of affairs, so that a just and proper measure of redistribution can be brought down, that will do justice, will give full and proper representation to all parts of this Province, taking into consideration population, its area and resources. I do not consider that any portion of the Province will suffer in any respect by the measure not being brought down this session. If it was at all likely that an election was to take place before the next session of the House then it would be advisable to bring down the best possible measure now, but as such is not the case the delay is of no material disadvantage, but on the contrary will be of much advantage to portions of the Province and more especially to the Mainland. There is no doubt in my mind, but that the Kootenay districts will largely increase during the coming year, and that no less than from 20,000 to 25,000 people will pour into those rich districts. Other districts and cities will no doubt largely increase during the coming year. This increase alone will entitle the Mainland to at least three or four members more than she would be entitled to at the present time. Now there appears to be a great difference of opinion regarding the basis upon which redistribution should be had. I think that it should be decided whether or not the white population should be taken as a basis or whether the whole population of the Province as made by the Dominion Government, including Indians and Chinese, should be taken as a basis. According to the best present information, after deducting the total Indian population from the total population of the Island and Mainland, it would show that the Mainland had only 900 more white population than the Island, which is certainly wrong. If the Government wishes to show its earnestness in this matter and to get at the true state of affairs, I think that they should appoint an independent commission for the purpose of ascertaining the proper data and the real position of affairs between the different parts of the Province, so that a proper basis can be established on which to frame a redistribution measure. I, therefore, move in amendment, seconded by Mr. Booth, "to strike out all the words after 'Government' and insert in lieu thereof 'in postponing the introduction of the redistribution measure referred to by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in his Speech from the Throne, has acted in the best interests of the Province.'" (Applause.)

MR. BROWN did not think the amendment changed the complexion of the debate at all. (Laughter.) It changed the direction, but not the complexion. He would be brief in discussing the question, but it would be necessary to begin back end forward, so as to follow the hon. Attorney-General in his ramblings from Dan to Beersheba. First, he would take up that story about the 19,000 votes cast. Why there were only 15,560 voters in the Province! He would tell the hon. Attorney-General that he (Mr. Brown) had thousands at his back to the hundreds of the Attorney-General, and the latter would have to count all the papooses and Indian dogs and everything else in the district to make up his number of men. He denied that he had ever said one thing in the House and another thing at home. The fact of the matter was, that at different times and on different occasions, he had discussed the matter of redistribution in its different aspects, and, of course, made different statements. He declared Alberni and the Island were pocket boroughs nevertheless, but they, being the creation of the sins of the Government, should not be disturbed. After criticizing what he called the "nervousness" of the hon. Premier, he read the speech of that hon. gentleman, in which he announced that the redistribution bill would not be brought down this session. The hon. Premier had then said that careful and extensive inquiries had been made as to the census, etc. If this was the case, why did not the Attorney-General bring down some of these facts? Instead he had read from what purported to be a telegram, but which contained information he Mr. Brown) had had for months. He disclaimed any intention of wishing to have the redistribution on the basis of representation by population. This was not the policy of the Independents, as they realized that representation by population would give the cities too much preponderance. There were in British Columbia, it could not be denied, gross and glaring inequalities in the way of representation. If Yale were represented in the same way as Cowichan, it would have fifteen members. The House did not represent the country, and if the Government had intended to do justice it should have brought down the bill. As a matter of fact, the bill ought to have been brought down last year so as to bring the House more nearly in accord with the country and the voting power as a whole. Dealing with the census figures, he said that the hon. Attorney-General would have the House believe there were only 11,000 men, women and children and Chinese on all the Mainland, exclusive of the population of the twin cities of Vancouver and New Westminster. This was ridiculous!

HON. MR. TURNER—It proves the reliability of the Dominion census. (Laughter.)

MR. BROWN continued that he did not wish to condemn the hon. Attorney-General, but would like to see the original of those telegrams.

HON. MR. DAVIE sent the telegrams over.

MR. BROWN looked them over and wanted to know who "J. Lowe" was.

HON. MR. TURNER—He is the Dominion Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Hon. members—Read the telegrams.

MR. BROWN after some hesitation read "Indians on Island 5,742, on Mainland 29,460. Whites on Mainland 31,940, on Island 31,025." (Government applause.)

"These telegrams," he continued, "purport to be signed by one J. Lowe, but they are frauds anyway."

Hon. members—Oh, oh!

HON. MR. DAVIE—Mr. Lowe is Deputy Minister of the Department of Agriculture.

MR. BROWN contended that the telegrams were frauds anyway. He did not mean to say that Mr. Lowe was a fraud, but that the telegrams were frauds in the use that was being attempted to be made out of them. They involved, he declared, a fraudulent misrepresentation of fact. Anyway they would not hold water, and he wanted the telegrams to which they were replies before he would say how good they were.

HON. MR. DAVIE interrupted him a moment to read the messages, which simply asked for the information. The replies were also read again and were received with applause.

MR. BROWN continued his attack on the figures he had on the subject. He claimed that any honest and fair comparison would show 14,000 difference between the Island and the Mainland, in favor of the latter.

MR. SEMLIN followed. He could not see, he said, how a stronger case could possibly be made out against the Government, which did not represent the people. The pledge given to the House had been broken, that a bill would be brought down this year, although better satisfaction would have been given by a measure introduced this year than by one which would have to come next year, as it will give the people a better chance of selecting those they wished to represent them in the next House. (Government laughter.) He declared that the whole policy of the Government had been one of repudiation, and the hon. senior member for Vancouver had no cause to feel regret at having to censure them. The Government seemed to be saturated with the idea that the Opposition was only against the Government in order to get the Government benches and not from patriotic motives. He thought redistribution should be on the basis of the Provincial voters' list instead of on the Dominion census as was proposed. The latter opinion he did not think would be a fair way to go. He did know about it. All the necessary information could be got from the records in the possession of the Government now and there was no reason for delay. He suggested that the Government, when it proposed to use the census, had in view the fact that it would be difficult to get the proper information from the Dominion, and saw in this an excuse for delay. What was to be gained by limiting the redistribution on the Dominion census? He claimed that Yale had more of a population than Cowichan, Esquimalt and Victoria districts and should have more representation, but this was not the case, Yale only having four members to six from the others. He thought if the Government valued a character for fair dealing and honesty, the measure should have been brought down after being promised.

It being six o'clock the Speaker left the chair.

EVENING SESSION.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at 7:30.

MR. GRANT said if the Opposition had taken up this question last year, or even two months ago, he would have acted differently to the way in which he intended to act now. He thought, however, that the so-called Independents had been playing fast and loose with the two parties in the House; they had supported the Government on nearly every question because they expected in return to get favors for their constituencies, and now at the tail end of the session, when they brought in this want of confidence motion, on a subject not of pressing importance, though one on which perhaps the Government had been negligent, he did not feel like assisting them in their effort to turn out the Government. He did not think there was any possibility of the attempt succeeding, but, if it did, what would follow? Why, if the Lieutenant-Governor called upon a member of the Opposition and a new Government was formed, they could not recommend him to give assent to the measures passed this session, nearly all of which the Opposition had opposed, and the work of this session would therefore be absolutely lost. He would not be a party to such a waste of time. He thought the Government could have no more difficult question to deal with than a redistribution bill, which of necessity could not satisfy all the members of the Legislature or all parts of the country. His position in this House was that of a free lance, and as he did not think it would be in the best interests of the Province to turn the Government out of office now, he would vote in accordance with his conviction. As to the plan of redistribution, he thought it would be impossible to establish representation by population, which would be unfair to the vast outlying districts as yet but thinly settled.

MR. KELLIE said he was sure that West Kootenay in four years would overshadow in importance, in population and wealth the balance of the Mainland combined. Scarcely a day passed but he received letters from American capitalists asking for information regarding its mining resources and asking him to get bonds on claims until the writers could examine them for investment. From St. Paul, in Minnesota, to the Pacific Coast, the mining men of the American States were directing their attention to the magnificent mineral wealth of Kootenay, and its vast stores of treasure, which had been locked in its rocky vaults for ages, were to be turned loose and utilized by the united key of labor and capital. He believed the Government in delaying the bringing of the redistribution measure were acting in the best interests of the district he represented, as well as of the Province at large. There were no less than three railways contemplated, and which would doubtless be constructed during the present year in Kootenay, which must necessarily bring in a vast population which, with the development of its magnificent mineral deposits, would necessitate two or more additional members for West Kootenay at next election. Had the Government brought in a Redistribution bill this session and gone to the country a great injustice would have been done his district. Therefore under the circumstances he heartily endorsed the action of the Government in postponing the Redistribution bill until next session.

HON. MR. BEAVEN condemned the present system of representation, one defect of which was seen to-day, when by the opposite course of action of the two representatives of Vancouver, that city would have practically no voice in the question at issue. Looking at the Province as a whole, with its hundred thousand population, he thought no one could say that thirty-three or thirty-five members were not sufficient to fully represent every part of it. He claimed that he had years ago told the House that the information to be obtained from the Dominion census would not be of the slightest value, and he held that the census had been simply made an excuse for putting off redistribution until after the last general election. As to the declaration of the first speaker this evening (Mr. Grant) that he had a free hand in the House, having told the electorate that he would support any good measures and oppose any bad ones brought up, he would like to know what member could not do the same, and how these Independents differed in position from the members of the Opposition. He held that the Independents and the Opposition represented a larger portion of the population than did the members supporting the Government, and criticised the course of the Independents in giving their support to the present ministers, and thus permitting them to remain in power. The promise of a redistribution bill made in the Speech from the Throne meant that if such a bill was brought down it would deprive of his seat either the Attorney-General or his colleague from Cowichan, and he therefore was surprised that members of the House had been so gullible as to suppose that the bill would really be brought down. He thought it would be a good thing for the Province if there was another Government in power. For instance a great part of the legislation of this year would go into the waste paper basket.

HON. MR. POOLEY—Preserve the Municipal bill. (Laughter.)

HON. MR. BEAVEN continued that it would be a good thing if a good deal of the Municipal bill of this year did go into the waste paper basket. He had introduced the bill, but did not feel disposed to accept the responsibility. He did not endorse what he had heard from his hon. friend (Mr. Cotton), but would support the motion moved by that hon. gentleman.

MR. HORNE's amendment was carried on the following division:

Ayes—Messrs. Baker, Davie, Vernon, Eberts, Stoddart, Booth, Nason, Pooley, Turner, Martin, Croft, Hunter, Rogers, Anderson, Fletcher, Watt, Horne, Kellie, Purdy, Grant, Smith—21.

Nays—Messrs. Milne, Beaven, Brown, Forster, Keith, Cotton, Kitchen, Sword, McKenzie, Semlin—10.

*Mr. Hall absent.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

HON. MR. TURNER rising to a question of privilege, drew attention to a dispatch under the following head from the Post-Intelligencer. The dispatch was read amidst great laughter:

A SECESSION SCHEME.

AMBITIOUS POLITICIANS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA HATCH A PLOT.

PROVINCE TO BE DIVIDED.

THE PATRIOTS SLATE THEMSELVES FOR THE PROPOSED NEW OFFICES.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL JONES HOLDS THE STATE LAND COMMISSION BILL TO BE UNCONSTITUTIONAL—TRIAL OF ROBBER AT SULTAN CITY—EVERETT POLITICS.

MR BROWN in explanation said it used to be the custom in steamboat racing to put a "Niger on the safety valve." In the present case the Niger might get hurt, as used to be the case sometimes.

SUNDAY CLOSING OF SALOONS.

MR. GRANT asked leave to introduce a bill to amend the Liquor License Regulation Act by allowing saloons to be kept open on Sundays, except during the hours of 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. and 6 p.m. to 10 p.m.

Leave was granted, but the first reading was negatived on a vote of 17 to 11.

CANADA WESTERN PROCLAMATION.

MR. SWORD moved, "That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor praying him to cause to be sent down to this House copies of all correspondence as to the proclamation bringing into force Part I. of the 'Canadian Western and Northern Extension and Aid Act, 1892,' including copies of the securities given to the Government, as required by section 4 of said Act." Carried.

CATTLE ACT.

MR. ROGERS introduced a bill to amend the Cattle Act. Bill read a first time; second reading to-morrow.

CORRESPONDENCE RE CENSUS.

MR. BROWN moved "That a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor praying him to send down to this House copies of all communications between the Honorable Minister of Finance and the Department of Agriculture of the Dominion with regard to the census." Carried.

IRRIGATION SURVEYS.

DR. WATT asked the hon. Chief Commissoner of Lands and Works the following question: "Is it the intention of the Government to use any portion of the sum voted for surveys throughout the Province to survey those sections of Yale, Kootenay, Lillooet, and Lower Cariboo districts, or any of them in which irrigation is required for the successful prosecution of agriculture, in order to show how lands now comparatively valueless may be supplied with sufficient water for purposes of irrigation; and if such surveys are made, whether they will show the source of water supply, its amount, the direction, length, capacity, and cost of the necessary ditches, and the acreage which will in this way be reclaimed?"

HON. MR. VERNON replied: The matter has not been considered by the Government.

CANADA WESTERN SECURITIES.

MR. SEMLIN asked the hon. Minister of Finance the following questions: 1. "What amount of security has been deposited with the Government by the promoters of the Canadian Western railway?" 2. "What is the nature of such security?"

HON. MR TURNER replied as follows: (1) $50,000. (2) Bond, R. P. Rithet, $50,000, and collateral bond Frank Bakeman and others, to Minister of Finance, deposited in First National Bank Chicago, September 17, 1892.

LAND SURVEYORS ACT.

HON. MR. VERNON introduced a bill to amend the Land Surveyors Act; bill read a first time, second reading to-morrow.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills were read a third time:

School bill.
Railway bill.
Land Registry bill.
Execution bill.

MINERAL BILL.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Mineral bill, Mr. Croft in the chair.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

CANADA WESTERN RAIRWAY.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced a bill respecting the Canada Western railway. Bill rear a first time; second reading to-morrow.

CONSUMERS' WATERWORKS ACT.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced a bill to amend the Consumers' Waterworks Act, 1892. Bill read a first time; second reading to-morrow.

KOOTENAY CENTRAL R'Y.

There was a prolonged debate on the motion to adopt the report of committee on the Kootenay Central Railway bill.

Mr. Croft's motion to insert several clauses was rejected.

Mr. Croft then withdrew the bill.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

Nakusp and Slocan Railway bill (No. 31), Mr. Martin.

Nelson and Arrow Lake Railway company bill.

Kaslo Electric Light and Water Power bill.

Conveyances (Smith & Angus) Validation bill.

KASLO-SLOCAN TRAMWAY BILL.

The House went into committee on the Kaslo-Slocan Tramway bill, Mr. Grant in the chair. The bill was reported complete with amendments.

SUMAS DYKING CO.

HON. MR. DAVIE introduced a bill to amend the Sumas Dyking Co. Act; bill read a first time, second reading next sitting of House.

The House adjourned at 12 o'clock until 11 o'clock on Monday.

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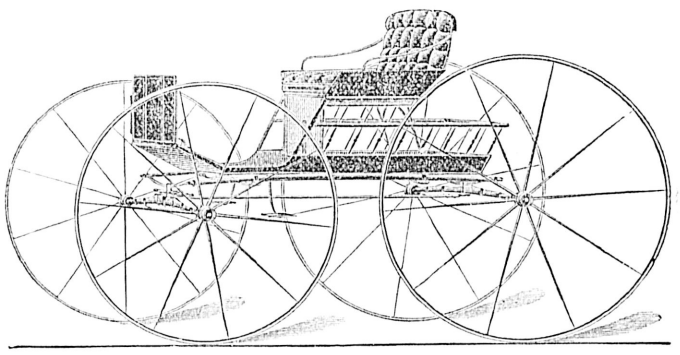

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